SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Sin J Art Unit: 1752 Phone Nun Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location:	Examiner #: 76 nber 30/2-1333 Serial Number 906 Results Format Preferred	0.060 Date: 11-16-04 :: 10/050,185 (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
If more than one search is submitte	ed, please prioritize searches in orde	r of need.
Please provide a detailed statement of the sear Include the elected species or structures, keyw	rch topic, and describe as specifically as possible words, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbe t may have a special meaning. Give examples o	e the subject matter to be searched. ers, and combine with the concept or
Title of Invention: Fluorination	ed photopolymer comp	osition and waveguide
Inventors (please provide full names):	<u> </u>	Devile
Pottebaum, Indra S.	; Xu, Chuck C., OS	such. Chris E.; Pont, Deeph
Earliest Priority Filing Date:/ -	-18-02	Eldada, Louay A
	ll pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or	r issued patent numbers) along with the
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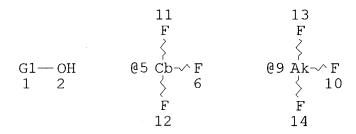
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L2
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L3
            282 SEA 814-68-6/CRN
                D L2 1 RN
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            333 SEA 920-46-7/CRN
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L5
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L10
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L16
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L18
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L20
                STR L7
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FILE 'REGISTRY'

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L22
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                SAV L22 LEE185/A
              6 SEA L22 AND (L3 OR L4)
L23
                D L23 1-6 IDE
     FILE 'HCAPLUS'
L24
           1718 SEA L22
L25
           7167 SEA L1 OR L2
L26
             44 SEA L24 AND L25
L27
          93022 SEA ((PHOTO OR LIGHT OR PHOTOLY?)(2A)(RX# OR RXN# OR
                REACT? OR SENSITI? OR POLYM? OR CURE# OR CURING# OR
                CURAB? OR CROSSLINK? OR CROSS(W)LINK? OR CAT# OR
                CATALY?))/BI,AB
         103392 SEA ((ULTRAVIOLET? OR ULTRA(W) VIOLET? OR UV# OR SUV OR
L28
                LUV OR RADIA? OR IRRADIA? OR EMANAT? OR EMIT? OR EMISS?
                OR LASER?) (2A) (RX# OR RXN# OR REACT? OR REACT? OR POLYM?
                OR CURE# OR CURING# OR CURAB? OR CAT# OR CATALY? OR
                CROSS(W)LINK? OR CROSSLINK?))/BI,AB
L29
         168631 SEA (PHOTORX## OR PHOTOREACT? OR PHOTOSENS? OR PHOTOPOLYM
                ? OR PHOTOCUR? OR PHOTOHARDEN? OR PHOTOCROSS? OR
                PHOTOCAT?)/BI,AB
L30
          13643 SEA PHOTOINIT? OR PHOTO(A) INIT?
          47894 SEA WAVEGUID? OR (WAVE# OR WAVING#)(2A)GUID?
L31
L32
             12 SEA L26 AND ((L27 OR L28 OR L29 OR L30 OR L31))
           6178 SEA (L1 OR L2) (L) RACT/RL
L33
            454 SEA L24 (L) RACT/RL
L34
L35
            525 SEA L1/D OR L1/DP OR L2/D OR L2/DP
L36
            100 SEA L22/D OR L22/DP
L37
             29 SEA (L33 OR L35) AND (L34 OR L36)
L38
             17 SEA L37 NOT L32
L39
             15 SEA L26 NOT (L32 OR L38)
L40
             12 SEA L32 AND (1900-2002/PY OR 1900-2002/PRY)
L41
             17 SEA L38 AND (1900-2002/PY OR 1900-2002/PRY)
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             15 SEA L39 AND (1900-2002/PY OR 1900-2002/PRY)
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FILE 'REGISTRY'

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L5 STR
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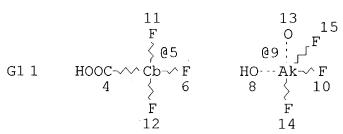


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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 SCR 1700 AND 1970 L18 STR



VAR G1=5/9 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 12

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L19 STR

Page 1-A

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Page 1-B
VAR G1=5/9/22/27
REP G2=(1-10) 18-1 19-15
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ECOUNT IS M2-X3 C AT 19

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L20 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L22 2540 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (((L5 OR L18) AND L20) OR L19)
AND L8

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2540 ANSWERS

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- L32 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2004:534012 Document No. 141:90579 Perfluorostyrene compound, and coating solution and optical waveguide device using the compound. Kim, Ji-hyang; Kim, Jae-il; Kim, Tae-kyun; Lee, Hyung Jong; Han, Seon Gyu (Zen Photonics Co., Ltd., S. Korea). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2004127632 A1 20040701, 13 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2003-616889 20030710. PRIORITY: KR 2002-40901 20020712.
- AB A F compd. has perfluorostyrene introduced at a terminal end, characterized in that the introduction of perfluorostyrene results in a facile fabrication of thin films by a UV curing or a thermal curing, high thermal stability and chem. resistance, and low optical propagation loss and birefringence when applied to waveguides. The structure of the F compd. is represented by [CH2:CHC6F4Z]yRf(ZArZRf)x[ZC6F4CH:CH2]y', where Z = O or S; Rf = aliph. or arom. group; y = 1-10, yr' = 0-1; x = 0-200; Ar = MeC6F4RC6F4Me or C6F3MeX; R = direct single bond, CO, SO2, S and O, and X = F, Cl, Br and I.
- IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 330562-44-2

 (perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd.

 for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide

 device)
- RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 330562-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-CH₂-CF₂-O-CF₂-CF₂-O-CF₂-CF₂-O-CF₂-OH

713525-78-1DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 713525-79-2DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene (perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device)

RN 713525-78-1 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro-, polymer with hexafluorobenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 330562-44-2 CMF C8 H6 F12 O5

 ${\tt HO-CH_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CH_2-OH}$

CM 2

CRN 392-56-3 CMF C6 F6

RN 713525-79-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro-, polymer with bromopentafluorobenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 330562-44-2 CMF C8 H6 F12 O5

 ${\tt HO-CH_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-OH}$

CM 2

CRN 344-04-7 CMF C6 Br F5

IC ICM C08L027-12

NCL 524544000; 526242000

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 73

ST perfluorostyrene terminal photopolymerizable compd coating optical waveguide

ΙΤ Coating materials (UV-curable; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) Optical waveguides (film; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) Polyethers, uses ΙT Polyoxyalkylenes, uses (perfluorostyrene-terminated; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) ΙΤ 3524-68-3, Pentaerythritol triacrylate 517908-34-8 (diluent copolymn.; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) ΙT 713525-84-9P (diluent prepn. and copolymn.; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) ΙT 533-73-3, 1,2,4-Benzenetriol 653-34-9, Pentafluorostyrene **814-68-6**, Acryloyl chloride 1478-61-1, 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)hexafluoropropane 3236-71-3, 9,9-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)fluorene 27955-94-8, 1,1,1-Tris(4-90177-96-1, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7hydroxyphenyl) ethane Dodecafluoro-1,8-octanediol 330562-44-2 (perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) IT713525-80-5P 713525-81-6P 713525-82-7P 713525-83-8P (perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) IT 653-34-9DP, Pentafluorostyrene, reaction product with fluoropolymer 136875-49-5DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 136875-50-8DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 426263-29-8DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 713525-76-9DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 713525-78-1DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene 713525-79-2DP, reaction product with pentafluorostyrene (perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of optical waveguide device) 125635-55-4P ΙT 713525-85-0P (prepn. and copolymn.; perfluorostyrene-terminated photopolymerizable compd. for core and cladding layers of

optical waveguide device)

L32 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2004:289759 Document No. 140:312061 Lithographic printing plate master with uniform image formation layer. Fujita) Kazuo (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2004109887 A2 20040408, 56 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2002-275674 20020920.

AB The title lithog. printing plate master contains a fluoropolymer including a fluoroaliph. group represented by - CF(CF3)(OCF2CF(CF3))nOC3F7 [n = 0-10] in an image formation layer. The printing plate master shows excellent developability and ink-reception.

IT 814-68-6, Acrylic acid chloride 14548-74-4 26537-88-2

(monomer prepn. of fluoropolymer for lithog. printing plate master with uniform image formation layer)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (901) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 14548-74-4 HQAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 26537-88-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IC ICM G03F007-00 ICS G03F007-023; G03F007-033
- CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38
- IT Photoimaging materials

(photopolymerizable; lithog. printing plate master with uniform image formation layer)

- IT 814-68-6, Acrylic acid chloride 1592-20-7,
 4-Chloromethylstyrene 14548-74-4 26537-88-2
 (monomer prepn. of fluoropolymer for lithog. printing plate master with uniform image formation layer)
- L32 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

 2004:20368 Document No. 140:94453 Fluorinated acrylate derivatives having carbonate groups and polymerizable composition comprising same. Kim, Eunkyoung; Cho, Song Yun (S. Korea). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2004006188 Al 20040108, 10 pp (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2003-460022 20030611 PRIORITY: KR 2002-34939 20020621.
- AB A polymerizable compn. comprises a carbonate group-contg. acrylate deriv. of R4(R3OCO2R2COCR1:CH2)n (I), wherein: n is 1 to 4; R1 is hydrogen or C1-3 alkyl; R2 is (CH2)aO- or (CH2CH2O)b- (a is 1 to 20, and b is 2 to 20); R3 is an optional substituent selected from the group consisting of -CH2-/ -C6H4- and -C6F4-; and R4 is C1-10 perfluoroalkyl when n = 1; when n = 2, a bridging group comprising at least one linking moiety selected from the group consisting of C1-3 perfluoroalkylene, C1-3 perfluoroalkyleneoxy and -CF2CFC1-; or when n = 3 or 4, a bridging group comprising 2 and the linking moiety. I is used to prep. a polymer film or molded product having improved compatibility with dyes, high adhesion to a substrate, low optical loss and low birefringence.
- IT 642474-58-6P 642474/61-1P

(fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and polymerizable compn. comprising same)

- RN 642474-58-6 HCXPLUS
- CN 2,6,16,20-Tetraoxaheneicosanedioic acid, 9,11,13-trichloro-8,8,9,10,10,11,12,12,13,14,14-undecafluoro-4,18-dihydroxy-, bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 642474-61-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6,16,18,21,24,27-Heptaoxatriacont-29-enoic acid, 9,11,13-trichloro-8,8,9,10,10,11,12,12,13,14,14-undecafluoro-4-hydroxy-17,28-dioxo-, 2-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm O} & {\rm O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ {\rm H_2C} = {\rm CH-C-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CF_2- } \end{array}$$

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

IT 642474-68-8P 642474-69-9P 642474-72-4P 642474-77-9P

(fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and polymerizable compn. comprising same)

RN 642474-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6,16,20-Tetraoxaheneicosanedioic acid, 9,11,13-trichloro-8,8,9,10,10,11,12,12,13,14,14-undecafluoro-4,18-dihydroxy-, bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester, polymer with bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] 4,4,6,6,7,7,9,9-octafluoro-2,5,8,11-tetraoxadodecanedioate, 7,7,8,8,9,9-hexafluoro-4,12-dioxo-5,11-dioxa-3,13-diazapentadecane-1,15-diyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 1,3,5-tri-2-propenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 642474-62-2 CMF C19 H24 F6 N2 O8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 642474-58-6 CMF C29 H34 Cl3 F11 O14

PAGE 1-B

CM 3

CRN 642474-53-1 CMF C20 H22 F8 O12

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 1025-15-6 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C = CH - CH_2 & O \\ \hline & O \\ \hline & N \\ \hline & O \\ \hline & H_2C = CH - CH_2 \end{array}$$

RN 642474-69-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,8,11-Tetraoxadodecanedioic acid, 4,4,6,6,7,7,9,9-octafluoro-, bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester, polymer with 7,7,8,8,9,9-hexafluoro-4,12-dioxo-5,11-dioxa-3,13-diazapentadecane-1,15-diyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), 2-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethyl 5,7,9-trichloro-4,4,5,6,6,7,8,8,9,10,10-undecafluoro-14-hydroxy-17,28-dioxo-2,12,16,18,21,24,27-heptaoxatriacont-29-enoate and 1,3,5-tri-2-propenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 642474-62-2 CMF C19 H24 F6 N2 O8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ -\text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 642474-61-1

CMF C32 H40 Cl3 F11 O16

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{H}_{2}\text{C} = \text{CH} - \text{C} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{CF}_{2} - \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

CM 3

CRN 642474-53-1 CMF C20 H22 F8 O12

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 1025-15-6 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2$$
 $CH_2 - CH = CH_2$
 $CH_2 - CH = CH_2$
 $CH_2 - CH = CH_2$
 $CH_2 - CH = CH_2$

RN 642474-72-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6,16,20-Tetraoxaheneicosanedioic acid, 9,11,13-trichloro-8,8,9,10,10,11,12,12,13,14,14-undecafluoro-4,18-dihydroxy-, bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester, polymer with bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] 4,4,6,6,7,7,9,9-octafluoro-2,5,8,11-tetraoxadodecanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 642474-58-6 CMF C29 H34 Cl3 F11 O14

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 642474-53-1 CMF C20 H22 F8 O12

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 642474-77-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6,16,20-Tetraoxaheneicosanedioic acid, 9,11,13-trichloro-8,8,9,10,10,11,12,12,13,14,14-undecafluoro-4,18-dihydroxy-, bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester, polymer with bis[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] 4,4,6,6,7,7,9,9-octafluoro-2,5,8,11-tetraoxadodecanedioate and 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl 4,4,5,5,6,6-hexafluoro-15-methyl-9,14-dioxo-2,8,10,13-tetraoxahexadec-15-enoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 642474-58-6 CMF C29 H34 Cl3 F11 O14

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 642474-54-2 CMF C19 H22 F6 O10

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 3

CRN 642474-53-1 CMF C20 H22 F8 O12

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 129301-42-4 642474-57-5 642474-60-0

(fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and polymerizable compn. comprising same)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN . 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 129301-42-4 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[2,2-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO-CH_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CH_2-OH$$

RN 642474-57-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3,3'-[(3,5,7-trichloro-2,2,3,4,4,5,6,6,7,8,8-undecafluoro-1,9-nonanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 642474-60-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-[(3,5,7-trichloro-2,2,3,4,4,5,6,6,7,8,8-undecafluoro-9-hydroxynonyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08F118-00

NCL 526245000; 526249000; 526319000

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 37, 42, 73

ST fluorinated carbonate acrylate monomer coating waveguide

IT Coating materials

Waveguides

(fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and polymerizable compn. comprising same)

IT 642474-53-1P 642474-54-2P 642474-55-3P 642474-56-4P

642474-58-6P 642474-61-1P 642474-62-2P

642474-63-3P 643013-59-6P

(fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and polymerizable compn. comprising same)

IT 81148-95-0DP, reaction products with acrylic fluoro compds.

642474-54-2DP, reaction products with acrylic fluoro compds. 642474-55-3DP, reaction products with acrylic fluoro compds.

642474-63-3DP, reaction products with acrylic fluoro compds.

642474-64-4P 642474-65-5P 642474-67-7P **642474-68-8P**

```
642474-70-2DP, reaction products with acrylic
         642474-69-9P
         fluoro compds.
                                        642474-71-3P 642474-72-4P
                                                                                           642474-73-5P
                                    642474-75-7P 642474-77-9P
         642474-74-6P
                                                                                       643013-60-9P
               (fluorinated acrylate derivs. having carbonate groups and
              polymerizable compn. comprising same)
ΙT
         307-30-2
                             376-90-9 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
                                                                                                                 No common Assistration of Common and Common of Common of
         13695-27-7
                                 30674-80-7
                                                        53281-20-2
                                                                               75609-51-7
         129301-42-4
                                  218923-44-5 /
                                                         328119-80-8 642474-57-5
         642474-59-7 642474-60-0
               (fluorinated acrylate/derivs. having carbonate groups and
              polymerizable compn./comprising same)
L32
         ANSWER 4 OF 12
                                      HCAPLIS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Document No. 139:261638 Curable compositions containing
2003:757373
         fluorinated ethylen /cally unsaturated aromatic compound derivatives
         for optical applications. Blomquist, Robert; Deng, Jian Ming S.
         (USA). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2003181633 A1.20030925, 23 pp.,
         Cont.-in-part of V.S. Ser. No. 167,669. (English). CODEN: USXXCO.
         APPLICATION: US 2002-253057 20020923. PRIORITY: US 2002-67669
         20020204.
AΒ
         An energy curable compn. comprises a compd. comprising (a) an arom.
         or heteroarom./moiety, (b) at least two fluorinated alkylene,
         arylene or polyether moieties, each fluorinated alkylene, arylene or
         polyether moiety being linked to the arom. or heteroarom. moiety
         through an ether or thioether bond, and (c) at least one
         ethylenical //y unsatd. moiety, each ethylenically unsatd. moiety
         being linke to one of the fluorinated alkylene, arylene or
         polyether moieties. The compns. of the invention are used to
         produce optical devices, such as optical waveguides.
         Thus, a fIuorinated polyether diol (Fluorolink D 10) (250) was mixed
         with cyanuric chloride (15), butylated hydroxytoluene (0.25 g),
         toluene (300 mL), and Et nonafluorobutyl ether (HFE-7200) (300 mL),
         the mixt. was cooled with ice, and triethylamine (40 mL) was added
         dropwisk with stirring at temp. maintained below 30.degree..
         reaction mixt. was stirred at room temp. overnight, cooled with ice,
         acrylo/yl chloride (25 mL) was added dropwise at temp. maintained
         below/30.degree., and the reaction mixt. was stirred at room temp.
         for 3/h. The obtained trifunctional acrylate-terminated fluorinated
         polyether cyanurate was mixed with .alpha., .alpha.-
         diethoxyacetophenone (1%) and UV cured for 300 s
         under nitrogen. The refractive index of the cured sample was 1.323
         at a wavelength of 1,550 nm.
         814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, reaction products with
IT
         fluorinated polyether diols and halogenated arom. compds.
              (curable compns. contq. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom.
              compd. derivs. for optical applications)
```

814-68-6 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN CN

```
C1-C-CH = CH_2
ΙT
     330562-44-2
         (curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom.
        compd. derivs. for optical applications),
RN
     330562-44-2 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoxo-2,1-
CN
     ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro- (9CI)/ (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-
     ICM C08G059-00
IC
NCL
     528407000
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic/High Polymers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s):/73
ST
     fluorinated unsatd arom compd deriv curable compn optical
     waveguide; optical device fluorinated unsatd isocyanurate
     deriv curable compn
ΙΤ
     Optical materials
     Optical waveguides
        (curable compns. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom.
        compd. derivs. for optical applications)
ΙT
     Polymerization
        (photopolymn.;/curable compns. contq. fluorinated
        ethylenically/unsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical
        applications/
IT
     108-77-0DP, Cyanuric chloride, reaction products with fluorinated
     polyether dios, acrylates 118-74-1DP, Hexachlorobenzene, reaction
     products with fluorinated polyether diols, acrylates 434-90-2DP,
     Decafluorobiphenyl, reaction products with fluorinated polyether
     diols, acrylates 814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, reaction
     products with fluorinated polyether diols and halogenated arom.
               4628-94-8DP, reaction products with fluorinated polyether
     diols, acrylates
                         444023-61-4DP, Fluorolink D 10, reaction products
     with halogenated arom. compds., acrylates 600754-29-8P
     603972-27-6P
        (curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom.
        compd. derivs. for optical applications)
IT
     118-74-1, Hexachlorobenzene 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite
```

(curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom.

330562-44-2

compd. derivs. for optical applications)

L32 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2003:737403 Document No. 139:261628 Curable compositions containing fluorinated ethylenically unsaturated aromatic compound derivatives for optical applications. Blomquist, Robert; Deng, Jian Ming S. (USA). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2003176629 A1 20030918, 21 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2002-67669 20020204. AΒ An energy curable compn. comprises a compd. comprising (a) an arom. or heteroarom. moiety, (b) at least two fluorinated alkylene, arylene or polyether moieties, each fluorinated alkylene, arylene or polyether moiety being linked to the arom. or heteroarom. moiety through an ether or thioether bond, and (c) at least one ethylenically unsatd. moiety, each ethylenically unsatd. moiety being linked to one of the fluorinated alkylene, arylene or polyether moieties. The compns. of the invention are used to produce optical devices, such as optical waveguides. Thus, a fluorinated polyether diol (Fluorolink D 10) (250) was mixed with cyanuric chloride (15), butylated hydroxytoluene (0.25 g), toluene (300 mL), and Et nonafluorobutyl ether (HFE-7200) (300 mL), the mixt. was cooled with ice, and triethylamine (40 mL) was added dropwise with stirring at temp. maintained below 30.degree.. reaction mixt. was stirred at room temp. overnight, cooled with ice, acryloyl chloride (25 mL) was added dropwise at temp. maintained below 30.degree., and the reaction mixt. was stirred at room temp. for 3 h. The obtained trifunctional acrylate-terminated fluorinated polyether cyanurate was mixed with .alpha., .alpha.diethoxyacetophenone (1%) and UV cured for 300 s under nitrogen. The refractive index of the cured sample was 1.323 at a wavelength of 1,550 nm.

IT 814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, reaction products with fluorinated polyether diols and halogenated arom. compds. (curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical applications)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

IT 330562-44-2

(curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical applications)

RN 330562-44-2 HCAPLUS

Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-

ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro- (%CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO-CH2-CF2-O-CF2-CF2-O-CF2-CF2-OH

ICM C08G073-24 IC

NCL528401000

35-2 (Chemistry of Syntheti⊄ High Polymers) CC Section cross-reference(s) / 73

fluorinated unsatd arom compd deriv curable compn optical device; ST optical waveguide fluorinated unsatd isocyanurate deriv curable compn

Optical materials ΙT Optical waveguides

(curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical applications)

Polymerization ΙT

(photopolymn.; durable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically whsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical applications)

108-77-0DP, Cyandric chloride, reaction products with fluorinated ΙΤ polyether diols/acrylates 118-74-1DP, Hexachlorobenzene, reaction products with fluorinated polyether diols, acrylates 434-90-2DP, Decafluorobiphenyl, reaction products with fluorinated polyether diols, acrylates 814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, reaction products with fluorinated polyether diols and halogenated arom. 46/28-94-8DP, reaction products with fluorinated polyether 444023-61-4DP, Fluorolink D 10, reaction products diols, acry/lates with halogenated arom. compds., acrylates / 600754-29-8P

(curab/e compns. contg. fluorinated et/hylenically unsatd. arom.

compd. derivs. for optical applications)

330562-44-2 ΙT

(curable compns. contg. fluorinated ethylenically unsatd. arom. compd. derivs. for optical applications)

ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT/2004 ACS on STN Document No. 139:165086 / Monomer with antimicrobial 2003:610441 character, polymer, manufacturing method, and medical use. Moon, Woong-Sig; Chung, Kyoo-Hyun; Kim, Jae-Chul; Lee, Hyung-Goo; Kong, Ki-Oh; Kim, Jung-Chul; Hwang, Jung-Hwa (Micro Science Tech Co., Ltd., S. Korea). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2003064412 A1 20030807, 91 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CB, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, MU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC/SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VM, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2003-KR238 20030203. PRIORITY: KR 2002-5728 20020131; KR 2002-35792 20020625; KR 2003-6509 20030203.

The antimicrobial monomer comprises a (un)satd. hydrocarbon having a polymerizable functional group and light-curable functional group within its structure. The monomer compds. have durable antimicrobial activity and high heat resistance, they do not give rise to toxicity when added to conventional resins by not eluting the antimicrobial compds., and they do not have an effect on the properties of molded products. The monomer 1-ethyl-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-7-[4-(2-hydroxy-6-methyl-4-oxa-5-oxo-6-heptenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-4-oxo-3-quinoline carboxylic acid (prepn. given) was polymd. in the presence of AIBN at 70.degree. for 4 h.

IT 814-68-6, Acryloylchloride 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

(in prepn. of monomer for antimicrobial polymer)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 574758-79-5P

(prepn. and polymn.; in prepn. of monomer for antimicrobial polymer)

RN 574758-79-5 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Quinolinecarboxylic acid, 1-cyclopropyl-7-[4-[3-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7-dodecafluoroheptyl)oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl]-3-methyl-1-piperazinyl]-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-5-methyl-4-oxo-(9CI)(CA INDEX NAME)

```
Lee
                                    10
                          OH
                                        F
                                                        CO<sub>2</sub>H
F_2CH - (CF_2)_5 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH
                                    Ме
                                             Me
                                                   0
IC
     ICM C07D403-10
     35-4 (Chemistry of /Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 28, 42, 63
IT
     574758-96-6P
                     574758-97-7P
                                    577746-73-7P
                                                    577746-74-8P
     577746-75-9P
                     5/7746-76-0P
         (UV-curable pinder; antimicrobial polymer
        coating on polycarbonate substrate)
IT
     106-91-2, Glycµdyl methacrylate
                                       799-34-8 814-68-6,
     Acryloylchlor de 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
     1592-20-7, 4-Vinylbenzyl chloride 2211-94-1, Glycidyl
     4-methoxyphe/hyl ether
                              3568-29-4, Glycerol 1,3-diglycidyl ether
     6178-32-1, \betalycidyl 4-nonylphenyl ether 6746-81-2, Glycidyl
     tosylate
         (in prepn. of monomer for antimicrobial polymer)
ΙT
     188677-42/1P
                    574758-74-0P
                                    574758-75-1P
                                                    574758-76-2P
     574758-7/-3P
                    574758-78-4P 574758-79-5P
                                                  574758-80-8P
     574758-81-9P
                    574758-82-0P
                                    5/74758-83-1P
                                                    574758-84-2P
     574758√85−3P
                    574758-86-4P
        (prepn. and polymn.; in prepn. of monomer for antimicrobial
        polymer)
L32
     ANSWER 7 OF 12
                     HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
              Document No. 139:86096 Photosensitive polymers
2003:512118
     having high transmittan, \acute{c}e and improved dry etching resistance and
     chemically amplified résist compositions containing the same. Choi,
     Sang-jun; Moon, Joo-tae; Woo, Sang-gyun; Yoon, Kwang-sub; Song,
     Ki-yong (Sumsung Electronics Co., Ltd., S. Korea). U.S. Pat. Appl.
     Publ. US 2003125511/A1 20030703, 9 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO.
     APPLICATION: US 2002-289108 2002(1)05. PRIORITY: KR 2001-69228
     20011107.
```

AΒ The photosensitive polymer with wt. av. mol. wt. 3,000-50,000, useful for fabrication of semiconductors, contains a repeating unit f(CH2C(R1)(COOR2)) - (R1 = H, Me; and R2 = fluorinated)ethylene glycox group having 3-10 carbon atoms). Thus, a resist compn. comprised 1.0 g copolymer of tert-Bu methacrylate and 1,1-dihydro-3,6-dioxaperfluoroheptyl methacrylate (prepd. by

reaction of methacryloyl chloride and fluorinated diethylene glycol monomethyl ether), 8 g polyethylene glycol Me ether acetate, 0.02 g triphenylsulfonium triflate and 2 mg triisobutylamine.

IT **814-68-6**, 2-Propenoyl chloride **920-46-7**

147492-57-7 330562-43-1

(starting material; prepn. of **photosensitive** polymers having high transmittance and improved dry etching resistance for chem. amplified resist compns.)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 147492-57-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2-difluoro-2-[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_3}$$

RN 330562-43-1 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2-difluoro-2-[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\tt F_3C^-O^-CF_2^-CF_2^-O^-CF_2^-CH_2^-OH}$$

IC ICM C08G073-24

ICS C08F114-18; C08F014-18

NCL 528401000; 528271000; 525242000; 525276000; 525326200; 525330700

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 74, 76

ST dihydrodioxaperfluoroheptyl methacrylate polymer

```
photosensitive prepn resist
ΙT
     Light-sensitive materials
     Photoresists
        (prepn. of photosensitive polymers having high
        transmittance and improved dry etching resistance for chem.
        amplified resist compns.)
                    129905-78-8P
ΙT
     129888-38-6P
                                   131742-39-7P
                                                  131755-30-1P
        (prepn. of photosensitive polymers having high
        transmittance and improved dry etching resistance for chem.
        amplified resist compns.)
ΙT
     552886-60-9P
                    552886-61-0P
                                   552886-62-1P
                                                  552886-63-2P
     552886-64-3P
                    552886-65-4P
                                   552886-66-5P
        (prepn. of photosensitive polymers having high
        transmittance and improved dry etching resistance for chem.
        amplified resist compns.)
ΙΤ
     814-68-6, 2-Propenoyl chloride 920-46-7
     147492-57-7 330562-43-1
        (starting material; prepn. of photosensitive polymers
        having high transmittance and improved dry etching resistance for
        chem. amplified resist compns.)
     ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT/2004 ACS on STN
              Document No. 137:147580 /Photosensitive acrylate
2002:591787
     composition and waveguide device / Wang, Fang; Xu, Chuck
     C.; Xu, Baopei; Pottebaum, Indixa S.; Pant, Deepti; Osuch, Chris E.;
     1229352 A2 20020807, 17 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE,
     DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI,
     RO, MK, CY, AL, TR. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 2002-75392 20020130. PRIORITY: US 2001-PV265765 20010201; US
     2002-PV50186 20020118.
     Photosensitive compns. ar∉ described which comprise
AB
     .gtoreq.1 fluorinated, non-urethane contg. multifunctional acrylate
     prepd. from .gtoreq.1 mu/ltifunctional alc., the alc. being
     synthesized from a core/mol. having .gtoreq.2 equiv. of
     hydroxy-reacting funct/onal groups and a fluorinated mol. having at
     least two hydroxyl grqups; and .gtoreq.1 photoinitiator.
     Waveguide devices fab/ricated by patterning the
     photosensitive compn$., and methods for fabricating
     waveguide devices extailing patterning the
     photosensitive compas., are also described.
ΙT
     814-68-6, Acryloyl/chloride 330562-44-2
        (photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide
        devices and their fabrication using the compns.)
RN
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoyl chlbride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 330562-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, esters with perfluoro polyether diol polycarboxylic acid ester 444888-18-0P (photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide devices and their fabrication using the compns.)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 444888-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, tris[2-[2-[2-(1,1-difluoro-2-hydroxyethoxy)-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-2,2-difluoroethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

```
O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-O-CF<sub>2</sub>-OH
-- CH<sub>2</sub>-- CF<sub>2</sub>-- O-- CF<sub>2</sub>-- CF<sub>2</sub>-- O-- CF<sub>2</sub>-- CH<sub>2</sub>-- OH
IC
      ICM G02B001-04
      ICS G02B006-12; C08F220-24
      73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
CC
      Properties)
      Section cross-reference(s): 38
ST
      photosensitive acrylate compn waveguide device
ΤТ
      Polyethers, uses
         (perfluoro, acrylated derivs.; photosensitive acrylate
         compns. and waveguide devices and their fabrication
         using the compns.)
IΤ
      Optical wavequides
      Photoresists
         (photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide
         devices and their fabrication using the compns.)
ΙT
      Fluoropolymers, uses
         (polyether-, perfluoro, acrylated derivs.; photosensitive
         acrylate compns. and waveguide devices and their
         fabrication using the compns.)
     1703-58-8DP, 1,2,3,4-Butanetetracarboxylic acid, esters with
ΙT
     perfluoro polyether diol, acrylated
         (photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide
         devices and their fabrication using the compns.)
ΙT
     121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions
                                              528-44-9, 1,2,4-
     Benzenetricarboxylic acid
                                   632-56-4 814-68-6, Acryloyl
                 1703-58-8, 1,2,3,4-Butanetetracarboxylic acid
     chloride
     2672-58-4, Trimethyl-1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylate
                                                             4422-95-1.
     1,3,5-Benzenetricarbonyl trichloride
                                               7087-68-5,
     Diisopropylethylamine 330562-44-2
                                            444023-61-4,
     Fluorolink D 10
         (photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide
        devices and their fabrication using the compns.)
     814-68-6DP, Acryloyl chloride, esters with perfluoro
ΙT
     polyether diol polycarboxylic acid ester
                                                    4422-95-1DP,
     1,3,5-Benzenetricarbonyl chloride, esters with perfluoro polyether
     diol, acrylated
                        444023-61-4DP, Fluorolink D 10, reaction products
```

with benzenepolycarboxylic chloride and acryloyl chloride 444888-18-0P 444888-19-1P

(photosensitive acrylate compns. and waveguide devices and their fabrication using the compns.)

The transfer of transfer of the transfer of trans

- L32 ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 2001:94050 Document No. 134:148358 High strength polymeric networks from (meth)acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for preparing same. Stansbury, Jeffrey W.; Antonucci, Joseph M.; Choi, Kyung M. (United States of America as Represented by the Secretary of the Commerce, USA). U.S. US 6184339 B1 20010206, 35 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1997-967896 19971112. PRIORITY: US 1996-PV30911 19961114.
- Disclosed are fluorinated materials for use in dental uses and AΒ non-dental uses, e.g., adhesives or coatings. Multifunctional monomers and prepolymers with pendant (meth)acrylate groups were prepd. from epoxide ring-opening reactions. Resins based on the fluorinated monomers and prepolymers with diluent comonomers, were photocured as composites with particulate fillers. contents of the prepolymers ranged from 15 to 65%. Composites with high transverse strength (up to 120 MPa), low water sorption (as low as 0.11 mass %) and extremely low polymn. shrinkage (as low as 3.4% by vol.) were obtained. The fluorinated resins may be employed to produce hydrophobic dental composite materials with high strength and low polymn. shrinkage. A composite was prepd. from a monomer prepd. from DER 332, heptafluoro-1-butanol and acryloyl chloride, 1,10-decamethylene glycol dimethacrylate, and quartz and glass fillers.
- 324047-38-3P 324047-39-4P 324047-41-8P
 324047-49-6P 324518-26-5P, 1,3-Bis (hexafluoro-2hydroxypropyl)benzene diglycidyl ether .alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.',.alp
 ha.'-tetrakis (trifluoromethyl)-1,3-benzene-dimethanol copolymer
 methacrylate 324518-28-7P, 1,3-Bis (hexafluoro-2hydroxypropyl)-5-perfluorohexyl benzene diglycidyl ether
 .alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.'-tetrakis (trifluoromethyl)-1,3benzene-dimethanol copolymer methacrylate 324518-30-1P,
 1,3-Bis (hexafluoro-2-hydroxypropyl)-5-perfluorooctylbenzene
 diglycidyl ether .alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.'tetrakis (trifluoromethyl)-1,3-benzene-dimethanol copolymer
 methacrylate

(high strength polymeric networks from (meth)acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for prepg. same)

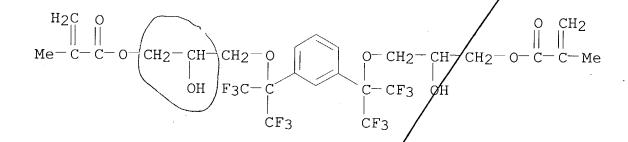
RN 324047-38-3 HCAPLUS

CN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,3-phenylenebis[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] ester, polymer with DDI (isocyanate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 122715-23-5 CMF C26 H26 F12 O8



CM 2

CRN 39340-26-6 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 324047-39-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, [5-(heptadecafluorooctyl)-1,3-phenylene]bis[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] ester, polymer with DDI (isocyanate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 124006-07-1/ CMF C34 H25 F29 O8

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride (high strength polymeric networks from (meth)acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for prepg. same) RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN0 $C1-C-CH=CH_2$ IC ICM C08F002-48 ICS C08J006-08; C08K002-00; C08G065-00 NCL 528407000 CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 63 IT324047-35-0P 324047-37-2P **324047-38-3P** 324047-36-1P 324047-39-4P 324047-41-8P 324047-42-9P 324047-49-6P 324518-26-5P, 1,3-Bis(hexafluoro-2hydroxypropyl)benzene diglycidyl ether .alpha.,.alpha.',.alp ha.'-tetrakis(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-benzene-dimethanol copolymer methacrylate 324518-28-7P, 1,3-Bis(hexafluoro-2hydroxypropyl)-5-perfluorohexyl benzene diglycidyl ether .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.'-tetrakis(trifluoromethyl)-1,3benzene-dimethanol copolymer methacrylate 324518-30-1P, 1,3-Bis(hexafluoro-2-hydroxypropyl)-5-perfluorooctylbenzene diglycidyl ether .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.'tetrakis(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-benzene-dimethanol copolymer methacrylate (high strength polymeric networks from (meth) acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for prepg. same) ΙT 194919-68-1P 194919-75-0P 324047-43-0P 324047-44-1P 324047-46-3P **324047-47-4P** 324047-48-5P 324518-31-2P 324518-32-3P 324518-33-4P (high strength polymeric networks from (meth)acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for prepg. same) IT 375-01-9, 1H,1H-Heptafluoro-1-butanol 802-93-7 **814-68-6**, Acryloyl chloride 25085-99-8, DER 332 28768-32-3, 4,4'-Methylene bis (N, N-diglycidylaniline) 30674-80-7, 2-Isocyanatoethyl 33294-14-3, DER 542 methacrylate 35655-79-9, Heptafluoro-1-butanol 85567-21-1 (high strength polymeric networks from (meth)acrylate resins with high fluorine content and process for prepg. same) L32 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Document No. 130:66889 Halogenated acrylates and polymers

1999:7955

derived therefrom. Moore, George G. I.; McCormick, Fred B.; Chattoraj, Mita; Cross, Elisa M.; Liu, Junkang Jacob; Roberts, Ralph R.; Schulz, Jay F. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company, USA). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9856749 Al 19981217, 73 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-US17437 19970929. PRIORITY: US 1997-872235 19970610.

AB Acrylates having a high degree of halogenation, as well as polymers that include one or more mer units derived from such acrylates provide materials having tailorable optical and phys. properties. The polymers find utility particularly in optical devices including optical waveguides and interconnecting devices.

IT 217824-93-6P 217824-95-8P 217825-05-3P

(halogenated acrylates and polymers derived therefrom)

217824-93-6 HCAPLUS

RN

CN

CN Benzenemethanol, .alpha.-[difluoro(pentafluoroethoxy)methyl]2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro.alpha.-(pentachlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2178/24-95-8 HCAPLUS

Benzenemethanol, .alpha.-[difluoro[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-(pentafluoroethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-.alpha.-(pentafluorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 217825-05-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 2,3,4,5,6-pentachloro-.alpha.-[difluoro[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-.alpha.-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

(halogenated acrylates and polymers derived therefrom)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl/chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C069-653

ICS C07D213-64; C07D213-66; C07D213-68; C07D213-70; C08F020-22; C08F020-24; C07C041-22; C07C049-167; C07C049-175

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 727-49-1P, Heptafluoro-2-naphthol 3354-82-3P,

Tribromophloroglucinol 14055-49-3P 22577-86-2P 217824-92-5P 217824-93-6P 217824-95-8P 217824-97-0P 217825-01-9P 217825-05-3P 217825-07-5P 217825-86-0P 217825-95-1P 217960-26-4P

(halogenated acrylates and polymers derived therefrom) ΙT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, reactions 75-56-9, reactions 111-77-3, Methylcarbitol 115-20-8, Trichloroethanol Hexachlorobenzene 313-72-4, Octafluoronaphthalene 319-88-0, 1,3,5-Trichlorotrifluorobenzene 335-84-2 344 - 04 - 7, 344-07-0, Chloropentafluorobenzene Bromopentafluorobenzene 434-64-0, Octafluorotoluene 488-47-1, Tetrabromocatechol 771-61-9, Pentafluorophenol 771-62-0, Pentafluorothiophenol 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 853-39-4, 999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane Decafluorobenzophenone 1898-91-5, Perfluorocyclohexanone 2437-49-2, 2,4,6-Tribromoresorcinol 6099-90-7, Phloroglucinol dihydrate 13071-64-2 25265-75-2, Butanediol 66443-85-4, Perfluoro-2-octanone 217825-89-3

(halogenated acrylates and polymers derived therefrom)

L32 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1996:689390 Document No. 126:36966 New Families of Photocurable Oligomeric Fluoromonomers for Use in Dental Composites. Choi, Kyung M.; Stansbury, Jeffrey W. (Polymers Division, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD, 20899, USA). Chemistry of Materials, 8(12), 2704-2707 (English) 1996. CODEN: CMATEX. ISSN: 0897-4756. Publisher: American Chemical Society.

AB Several types of moderately to highly fluorinated methacrylate-based monomers with the initial intent of identifying new fluoropolymers that exhibit low polymn. shrinkage along with excellent hydrophobicity and phys. strength are examd. In general, the phys. strength of polymers rich in fluorine was reduced with increasing fluorine content due to the low cohesive energy assocd. with amorphous fluoropolymers.

IT 184590-40-7P 184590-41-8P 184590-42-9P (new families of photocurable oligomeric fluoromonomers for use in dental composites)

RN 184590-40-7 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,10-decanediyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenoyl chloride, 2,2'-[1,3-phenylenebis[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]oxymethylene]]bis[oxirane] and .alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha.'-tetrakis(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-benzenedimethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 26146-93-0

CF3

184590-41-8P 184590-42-9P

(new families of **photocurable** oligomeric fluoromonomers for use in dental composites)

- IT **814-68-6,** Acryloyl chloride 1675-54-3 3072-84-2 (new families of **photocurable** oligomeric fluoromonomers for use in dental composites)
- IT 42263-56-9P 184590-29-2P 184590-30-5P 184590-31-6P 184590-32-7P 184590-35-0P 184590-36-1P 184590-37-2P 184590-38-3P 184590-39-4P

(new families of **photocurable** oligomeric fluoromonomers for use in dental composites)

- IT 375-01-9P, 1-Butanol, 2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro (new families of **photocurable** oligomeric fluoromonomers for use in dental composites)
- L32 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1990:56957 Document No. 112:56957 Polymerizable fluorine-containing aromatic compounds. Washimi, Akira; Yoshida, Masao; Kimura, Kaoru (Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 01199937 A2 19890811 Heisei, 15 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1988-258965 19881014. PRIORITY: JP 1987-257100 19871014.
- The compds. have the general formula m-R1(OC3H6)mOC(CF3)2C6H4C(CF3)2O(C3H6O)nR2 (R1, R2 = H, acryloyl, methacryloyl; m, n = 1-10). m-C6H4[C(CF3)2OH]2 was condensed with propylene oxide and then esterified with CH2:CHCOCl to give m-C6H4[C(CF3)2OC3H6O2CCH:CH2]2. UV irradn. of this product contg. 3-4 mol% PhCOCHMeOH spread on a glass plate gave a polymer with refractive index 1.4508, water contact angle 90.3.degree., and glass-transition temp. 121.degree..

IT **814-68-6**, 2-Propencyl chloride **920-46-7** (esterification of, with fluorine-contg. arom. alcs.)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 125010-51-7P 125010-54-0P 125086/44-4P (prepn. and esterification of)

RN 125010-51-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,1'-[1,3-phenylenebis[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]oxy]]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 125010-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1,1'-[1/3-phenylenebis[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]oxy(1-methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH Me-CH-CH₂-O O-CH₂-CH-Me OH
$$| C-CF_3 | C-CF_3 | C-CF_3 | C-CF_3 | C-CF_3 | C-CF_3 | C-CH-Me$$

RN 125086-44-4/ HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.'-[1,3-phenylenebis[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]]bis[.omega.-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO
$$CF_3$$
 $C CF_3$ $C CF_3$ $C CF_3$ $C CF_3$ $C CF_3$ $C CF_3$

```
IC
     ICM C07C069-653
CC
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 25
     fluorine contg arom acrylic polymer; photopolymerizable
ST
     fluorine contg arom acrylate
ΙT
     814-68-6, 2-Propenoyl chloride 920-46-7
        (esterification of, with fluorine-contg. arom. alcs.)
ΙT
     125010-53-9P
                    125086-45-5P
                                    125086-46-6P
        (manuf. of photopolymerizable)
     125010-51-7P 125010-54-0P 125086-44-4P
ΙT
        (prepn. and esterification of)
ΙT
     125010-52-8P
        (prepn. of photopolymerizable)
=> d 138 1-17 cbib abs hitstr hitind
     ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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Document No. 138:57436 Fluorine-containing compounds and 2002:978064 their polymers useful in compositions for treating textile substrates. Bradley, David; Ma, Jing-Ji; Nalewajek, David; Samuels, George J.; Stachura, Leonard M.; Van der Puy, Michael (Honeywell International Inc., USA). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2002103103 A2 20021227, 27 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2002-US19232 20020618. PRIORITY: US 2001-PV299083 20010618. A fluoropolymer is derived from a fluorine-contg. compds. AB CH2:C(R1)COO(YO)aCR2R3CF2CHFCF3 (R1, R2, R3 = h, lower alkyl; Y = divalent org. moiety; and a = 0, 1). A compn. contg. the fluoropolymer imparts water or oil repellency to a substrate. 2,2,3,4,4,4-hexafluorobutyl acrylate homopolymer soln. was applied onto a glass slide and dried to give a film showing contact angle with oil 77.7 and good oil repellency. IT 479068-76-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (intermediate; prepn. of fluoropolymers useful in compns. for treating textile substrates)

RN 479068-76-3 HCAPLUS

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CN
     2-Propanol, 1,3-bis(2,2,3,4,4,4-hexafluorobutoxy) - (9CI)
                                                                   (CA INDEX
     NAME)
F<sub>3</sub>C-CH-CF<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-
IT
     814-68-6, 2-Propenoyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant/or reagent)
         (starting material; prepn. of fluoropolymers useful in compns.
        for treating textile substrates)
RN
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI)
                                   (CA INDEX NAME)
C1-C-CH = CH_2
IC
     ICM D06M
CC
     40-9 (Textiles and Fiber's)
ΙT
     479068-76-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; prepn. of fluoropolymers useful in compns. for
        treating textile substrates)
     79-10-7, Acrylic a⊄id, reactions
ΙT
                                          96-23-1
                                                     382-31-0
     814-68-6, 2-Propencyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (starting material; prepn. of fluoropolymers useful in compns.
        for treating textile substrates)
L38
     ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
              Document No. 137:295611 Process for producing acrylic
2002:778001
     fluoropolymers and their derivatives use as coatings. Shirakawa,
     Daisuke; Okazoe, Takashi; Maekawa, Takashige; Oharu, Kazuya; Unoki,
     Masao (Asahi Glass Company, Limited, Japan). PCT Int. Appl. WO
     2002079274 A1 20021010, 47 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL,
     AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ,
     DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
     IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG,
     MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
     SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW,
     AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH,
     CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR,
```

NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (Japanese). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2002-JP3213 20020329. PRIORITY: JP 2001-101137 20010330; JP 2001-101138 20010330; JP 2001-198582 20010629; JP 2001-202346 20010703.

The process comprises polymg. partially fluorinated monomers having .gtoreq.1 C-F and .gtoreq.1 C-H units [e.g., F(CF2) 4CH2CH2OCOCH:CH2], and optionally a comonomer; and fluorinating the partially fluorinated polymer in a fluorination solvent [e.g., R 113 (1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane)] to substitute .gtoreq.1 carbon-bonded hydrogen atoms of the partially fluorinated polymer with fluorine atoms. Fluoropolymers are produced in the process have a fluorine content regulated to a desired value and low surface energy characteristics.

IT 14548-74-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; process for producing acrylic fluoropolymers and their derivs. use as coatings)

RN 14548-74-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 814-68-6, Acry/ic acid chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(starting material; process for producing acrylic fluoropolymers
and their derivs. use as coatings)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoy/ chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08F008-24

ICS C08F020-22; C08L033-16; C09D133-16

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 42

IT 1799-84-4P 1996-88-9P **14548-74-4P** 17559-01-2P

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17741-60-5P
              26338-99-8P
                            27905-45-9P
                                          31763-59-4P
                                                        45115-53-5P
52591-27-2P
              70142-49-3P
                            74049-08-4P
                                                        121751-83-5P
                                          95243-53-1P
468732-52-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
```

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; process for producing acrylic fluoropolymers and their derivs. use as coatings)

ΙT 79-10-7, Acrylic acid, reactions 79-41-4, Methacrylic acid, reactions 422-05-9 678-39-7 814-68-6, Acrylic acid chloride 865-86-1 2043-47-2 2641-34-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (starting material; process for producing acrylic fluoropolymers and their derivs. use as coatings)

ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L38 Document No. 137:141929 Hyper-branched flyorinated multifunctional alcohols and their derivatives for production of transparent coatings. Wang, Fang; Xu, Chuck C. Xu, Baopei; Potterbaum, Indira (Telephotonics, Inc., USA) Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 1227076 A2 2002 781, 12 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC/PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR. (English). CODEN: EXXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 2002-1749 20020125. PRIORITY: US 2001-PV264200 20010125; US 2002-PV50184 20020118.

A fluorinated multifunctional alc. is synthesized from at least one ABcore mol. having at least three equiv. of hydroxy-reacting functional groups and at least one fluorinated mol. having at least two hydroxyl groups. The fluorinated alcs. react further to produce multifunctional derivs., such as acrylates, epoxides or vinyl ethers, useful in prepn. of transparent coatings. Thus, a mixt. of multifunctional fluorinated alcs. was prepd. by reacting 1,3,5-benzenetricarbonyl trichloride (1 equiv) and 1H, 1H, 8H, 8H-perfluorotetra thylene glycol (4.5 equiv) at room temp. for 2 h in the presence of triethylamine. Acryloyl chloride was added to this mixt., and the reaction was carried out for 10 h at room temp. in the presence of diisopropylethylamine to afford acrylate macromonomers. The acrylates were mixed with benzoyl peroxide (0.5%), coated on a silicon substrate and heated at 90.degree. for 2 h to form a thin transparent film.

ΙT 444023-79-4P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs. and their derivs. for prodn. of transparent coatings)

444023-79-4 HCAPLUS RN

1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, ester with 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-CNtetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoroethanol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 330562-44-2 CMF C8 H6 F12 O5

CM 2

CRN 554-95-0 CMF C9 H6 O6

HO₂C CO₂H

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 330562-44-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(in prodn. of hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs.
and their derivs. for transparent coatings)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || Cl-C-CH== CH₂

RN 330562-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 444023-80-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs. and their derivs. for prodn. of transparent coatings)

RN 444023-80-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, ester with 2,2'-[oxybis[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2,1-ethanediyl)oxy]]bis[2,2-difluoroethanol], 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 444023-79-4 CMF C9 H6 O6 . x C8 H6 F12 O5

CM 3

CRN 330562-44-2 CMF C8 H6 F12 O5

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-CF_2-O-CF_2-OH}$$

CM 4

CRN 554-95-0 CMF C9 H6 O6

- IT 444023-79-4P 444023-81-8P 444023-84-1P 444023-85-2P 444023-87-4P 444023-89-6P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs. and their

derivs. for prodn. of transparent coatings)
IT 89-32-7, 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride 528-44-9,
1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid 632-56-4 814-68-6,
Acryloyl chloride 17.03-58-8, 1,2,3,4-Butanetetracarboxylic acid

2672-58-4, 1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid, trimethyl ester 4422-95-1, 1,3,5-Benzenetricarbonyl trichloride 330562-44-2

444023-61-4, Fluorolink D 10

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(in prodn. of hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs.
and their derivs. for transparent coatings)

IT 444023-80-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (monomer; hyper-branched fluorinated multifunctional alcs. and their derivs. for prodn. of transparent coatings)

- L38 ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 2002:211417 Document No. 137:63498 2,4,4,5,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-Undecafluoro2,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-3,6-dioxanonyl methacrylate. Paleta,
 Oldrich; Palecek, Jiri; Michalek, Jiri (Department of Organic
 Chemistry, Prague Institute of Chemical Technology, Prague, 16628,
 Czech Rep.). Journal of Fluorine Chemistry, 114(1), 51-53 (English)
 2002. CODEN: JFLCAR. ISSN: 0022-1139. Publisher: Elsevier Science
 B.V..
- AB The title monomer (4) was prepd. from the trimer of hexafluoropropene-1,2-oxide, 2,4,4,5,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-undecafluoro-2,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-3,6-dioxanonanoyl fluoride (1), via Me ester 2 that was reduced by sodium borohydride to the corresponding alkanol 3, which was finally acylated by methacryloyl chloride.
- RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H₂C 0 Me-C-C-C1

ΙT 14548-74-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic/preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of undecafluoro-bis(trifluoromethyl)dioxanonyl

methacrylate)

14548-74-4 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy) propoxy] ≠ (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

F₃C-CF₂-CF₂-O CF3

CC

35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) 920-46-7, METHACRYLOYL CHLORIDE 2641-34-1 IT2641-34-1

RL: RCT (Reactant) / RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of und∉cafluoro-bis(trifluoromethyl)dioxanonyl

methacrylate)

2**/**131-32-8P ΙT 14548-74-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT (Reactant/or reagent)

(prepn. of/úndecafluoro-bis(trifluoromethyl)dioxanonyl methacrylate)

ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L38

1999:33458 Document No. 130:182786 Synthesis of a novel polyfluoroalkyl substituted 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate and its copolymers. Yang, Jin; Huang, Weiyuan (Lab. of Organofluorine Chemistry, Shanghai Inst. of Organic Chemistry, The Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, 200032, Peop. Rep. China). Chinese Journal of Polymer Science, 15(4), 362-367 (English) 1997. CODEN: CJPSEG. ISSN: 0256-7679. Publisher: Science Press.

Glycerol 1-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-tridecafluorononyl) ether AB 3-acrylate (I) was synthesized in six steps from glycerol

1,2-acetonide. A preliminary investigation was undertaken on the synthesis and characterization of I-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate

copolymers.

IT170166-10-6P, Glycerol 1-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-

```
tridecafluorononyl) ether
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (acryloylation; prepn. and polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether
        acrylate monomer)
RN
     170166-10-6 HCAPLUS
     1,2-Propanediol, 3-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9/9,9-
CN
     tridecafluorononyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
        ОН
HO-CH_2-CH-CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-(CF_2)_5-CF_3
ΙT
     814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification; prepn. and/polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether
        acrylate monomer)
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI)
                                  (CA INDEX NAME)
C1-C-CH=CH_2
     220554-35-8P, Glycerol 1-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-
ΙT
     tridecafluorononyl)/ether 3-acrylate
     RL: RCT (Reactant) / SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or/reagent)
        (monomer; preph. and polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether
        acrylate)
     220554-35-8 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Propenoic acád, 2-hydroxy-3-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-
     tridecafluorononyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
F_3C - (CF_2)_5 - (CH_2)_3 - O - CH_2 - CH - CH_2 - O - C - CH = CH_2
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
ΙT
     170166-10-6P, Glycerol 1-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-
     tridecafluorononyl) ether
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
```

RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acryloylation; prepn. and polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether acrylate monomer)

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification; prepn. and polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether acrylate monomer)

IT 220554-35-8P, Glycerol 1-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-tridecafluorononyl) ether 3-acrylate

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; prepn. and polymn. of glycerol fluoroalkyl ether acrylate)

L38 ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1998:479994 Document No. 129:136879 Heat-resistant thermoplastic resin compositions containing fluoroacrylic fluoropolymers and their moldings. Tanaka, Yoshihito; Shimizu, Tetsuo (Daikin Industries, Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 10195302 A2 19980728 Heisei, 6 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1997-4460 19970114.

Title compns. contain (a) thermoplastic heat-resistant resins having molding temp. .gtoreq.300.degree. and (b) polymers prepd. from monomers contg. ROCOCF:CH2 [R = XRf(CH2)n, Rf'(OCF2CF2CF2)a[OCF(CF3)CF2]b(OCF2)c(OCF2CF2)dOCZF(CF2)e; n = 0, 1; X = H, F, Me; Rf = C1-20 linear or branched perfluoroalkylene; Rf = C(CF3)2 at n = 0; Z = F, CF3; Rf' = C1-3 perfluoroalkyl; a-e .gtoreq.0; a + b + c + d + e .gtoreq.1]. The compns. are molded to give title moldings showing sliding property, stain resistance, and no tack on the surface, which are useful as metal alternatives. Thus, 100 parts polythiophenylene (T-4) and 5 parts CH2:CMeCO2CH2CF2CF3 homopolymer were blended, pelletized, and injection-molded to give a disk showing water contact angle 91.degree. and hexadecane contact angle 31.degree.

IT 920-46-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(heat-resistant thermoplastic resins blended with fluoroacrylic fluoropolymers from)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & || & || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C--C-C1} \end{array}$$

IT 14548-74-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT/(Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (intermediates; heat-resistant thermoplastic resins blended with fluoroacrylic fluoropolymers from) RN 14548-74-4 HCAPLUS 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-CN (heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]-/(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) $F_3C-CF_2-CF_2-O$ IC ICM C08L101-00 ICS C08L101-00; \$\square\$08L033-16; \$\cong \text{C08L027-12}\$ CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38 422-05-9, 2,2,3/,3,3-Pentafluoropropanol 920-46-7 IT 2641-34-1 60**/**556**-**85-6 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (heat-resistant thermoplastic resins blended with fluoroacrylic fluoropo/ymers from) ΙT 14548-74-4**p** RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (intermediates; heat-resistant thermoplastic resins blended with fluoroacrylic fluoropolymers from) ANSWER 7 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1997:687039 Document No. 127:358630 Fluoroalkyl derivatives of protected glycerol by nucleophilic substitution. Fluorine-containing amphiphilic mono- and bis-methacrylates. Kvicala, Jaroslav; Dolensky, Bohumil; Paleta, Oldrich (Department of Organic Chemistry, Prague Institute of Chemical Technology, Technicka 5, 16628, Prague, 6, Czech.). Journal of Fluorine Chemistry, 85(2), 117-125 (English) 1997. CODEN: JFLCAR. ISSN: 0022-1139. Publisher: Elsevier. AB The tosylate of protected glycerol (solketal, 4-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane) was fluoroalkylated by a nucleophilic substitution reaction with sodium polyfluoroalkoxides. On deprotection, 3-0-fluoroalkylated glycerol was obtained which was converted to mono- and bis-methacrylates; analogous methacrylate derivs. were prepd. from 3,3,4,5,5,5-hexafluoro-pentane-1,2-diol. ΙT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of fluorine-contg. amphiphilic mono- and

```
bismethacrylates)
      920-46-7 HCAPLUS
RN
      2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CZ
CN
                                               (CA INDEX NAME)
  H<sub>2</sub>C O
Me^-C^-C^-C1
ΙT
     25385-68-6P 25385-69-7P 253/85-73-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn. of fluorine-c\phintg. amphiphilic mono- and
         bismethacrylates)
RN
     25385-68-6 HCAPLUS
     1,2-Propanediol, 3-(2,2,3,3-\text{tetrafluoropropoxy})-(8CI, 9CI) (CA
CN
     INDEX NAME)
         OH
HO-CH2-CH-CH2-O-CH2-
                         CF2-CHF2
RN
     25385-69-7 HCAPIUS
     1,2-Propanediol, 3-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5-\text{octafluoropentyl}) \text{ oxy}]-(8CI,
ĊN
     9CI) (CA INDEX/NAME)
         OH
HO-CH_2-CH-CH_2-
                    CH_2-(CF_2)_3-CHF_2
RN
     25385-73-3
                 HCAPLUS
     1,2-Propan¢diol, 3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
HO-CH2-CH-CH2-O-CH2-CF3
CC
     23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     778-28-9 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
IT
                                                  7305-59-1
     121628-30-6
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of fluorine-contg. amphiphilic mono- and bismethacrylates)

TT 75-89-8P 76-37-9P 355-80-6P 420-87-1P **25385-68-6P 25385-69-7P 25385-73-3P** 39952-44-8P
41578-54-5P 198714-09-9P 198714-10-2P 198714-11-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of fluorine-contg. amphiphilic mono- and
 bismethacrylates)

L38 ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1997:601508 Document No. 127:278492 Chemistry of
 [(perfluoroalkyl)methyl] oxiranes. Regioselectivity of ring opening with O-nucleophiles and the preparation of amphiphilic monomers. Cirkva, Vladimir; Ameduri, Bruno; Boutevin, Bernard; Paleta, Oldrich (Department of Organic Chemistry, Prague Institute of Chemical Technology, 16628, Prague, 6, Czech.). Journal of Fluorine Chemistry, 84(1), 53-61 (English) 1997. CODEN: JFLCAR. ISSN: 0022-1139. Publisher: Elsevier.

The reactions of oxiranes, RFCH2CH(-O-)CH2 (RFC4F9, C6F13, C8F17) AB with a series of alkanols in the presence of a Lewis acid took place at the terminal carbon atom with complete regioselectivity. 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate and acrylate reacted similarly. reaction with alkanediols was controlled to proceed with one or two mols. of the oxiranes chemoselectively. Non-regioselective, base-catalyzed ring opening by methacrylic acid (83% terminal attack) was discussed on the basis of the hard and soft acids and bases (HSAB) concept. A convenient transformation of the oxiranes to the corresponding diols via dioxolane intermediates, and their conversion to dimethacrylates, was accomplished with overall yields of 75%-79%. Thiourea converted the oxiranes into the corresponding thiiranes. The reactions afforded products generally in yields of 828-988.

IT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(regioselectivity of ring opening of perfluoroalkylmethyloxiranes with O-nucleophiles and prepn. of amphiphilic monomers)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 196513-68-5P 196513-69-6P 196513-71-0P

```
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (regioselectivity of ring opening of perfluoroalkylmethyloxiranes
        with O-nucleophiles and prepn. of amphiphilic monomers)
     196513-68-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Nonanol, 4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9,4ridecafluoro-1-(2-
CN
     hydroxyethoxy) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAMÉ)
HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH-CH_2-(CF_2) 5
RN
     196513-69-6 HCAPLUS
     2-Nonanol, 4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7/8,8,9,9,9-tridecafluoro-1-(3-
CN
     hydroxypropoxy)- (9CI)
                             (¢A INDEX NAME)
                   OH
HO-(CH_2)_3-O-CH_2-CH-CH_2
RN
     196513-71-0 HCAPL/US
CN
     2-Nonanol, 4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-tridecafluoro-1-[2-(2-
     hydroxyethoxy) et/hoxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                OH
HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH-CH_2-(CF_2)_5-CF_3
CC
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 27, 37
ΙT
     62-56-6, Thiourea, reactions 64-17-5, Ethanol, reactions
     67-56-1, Methanol, reactions 67-63-0, Isopropyl alcohol, reactions
     67-64-1, 2-Propanone, reactions 71-23-8, Propanol, reactions
     71-36-3, 1-Butanol, reactions 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions
    78-92-2, sec-Butanol 79-41-4, reactions
                                                 107-21-1,
    1,2-Ethanediol, reactions 110-63-4, 1,4-Butanediol, reactions
    111-46-6, reactions 504-63-2, 1,3-Propanediol
                                                       818-61-1
    868-77-9 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
                                                38565-52-5
    38565-53-6
                 81190-28-5
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (regioselectivity of ring opening of perfluoroalkylmethyloxiranes
       with O-nucleophiles and prepn. of amphiphilic monomers)
```

IT 196513-68-5P 196513-69-6P 196513-70-9P 196513-71-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(regioselectivity of ring opening of perfluoroalkylmethyloxiranes with O-nucleophiles and prepn. of amphiphilic monomers)

- L38 ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 1991:493150 Document No. 115:93150 Ether bond- and fluorine-containing diacrylates and their manufacture. Yoshizumi, Motohiko; Yamashita, Yukiya (Mitsubishi Metal Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 03056444 A2 19910312 Heisei, 3 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1989-190930 19890724.
- AB R(CH2)nOCH2CH(O2CR1:CH2)CH2O2CCR1:CH2 (I; R = C1-10 perfluoroalkyl; R1 = H, Me; n = 1-3), useful for monomers and additives for plastics, are manufd. by treating R(CH2)nOCH2CH(OH)CH2OH (II; R, n = same as I) with CH2:CR1CO2H (R1 = same as I). I are also manufd. by treating II with CH2:CR1COX (R1 = same as I, X = Cl, Br, F) in the presence of a base. Thus, 43.8 g II (R = C6F13, n = 2) was refluxed with 43.2 g acrylic acid in C6H6 in the presence of p-MeC6H4SO3H and phenothiazine for 24 h, then neutralized with NaOH to give 16.0 g I (R = C6F13, R1 = H, n = 2) in 30% yield./
- IT 126814-93-5 126814-95-7 135548-22-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(esterification of, with (meth)acrylic acids or (meth)acryloyl halides)

RN 126814-93-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH HO-CH₂-CH-CH₂-O-CH₂-CH₂-CF₂) 5-CF₃

RN 126814-95-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-1(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluorooctyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH HO-CH₂-CH-CH₂-CH₂-(CF₂)₆-CF₃

RN 135548-22-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluorohexyl)oxy]-(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

```
OH
HO-CH_2-CH-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-(CF_2)_3-CF_3
     814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 920-46-7, Methacryloyl
ΙT
     chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (esterification of, with f/luorine-contg. diols)
RN
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI)
                                  (CA INDEX NAME)
C1-C-CH=CH_2
RN
     920-46-7 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
 H<sub>2</sub>C
Me-C-C-C1
IC
     ICM C07C069-653
          C07C067-Ø8; C07C067-14
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
CC
ΙT
     126814-93-5 /126814-95-7 135548-22-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with (meth) acrylic acids or (meth) acryloyl
        halides/
ΙT
     79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions 814-68-6, Acryloyl
     chloride 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with fluorine-contg. diols)
     ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L38
              Document No. 113:190938 Preparation of fluorine-containing
1990:590938
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aromatic compounds as monomers. Washimi, Akira; Yoshida, Tadao; Kimura, Kaoru (Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn.

(Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1988-291867 19881118.

Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 02138152 A2 19900528 Heisei, 12 pp.

GΙ

AB PhC(CF3)2OCH2CH(OR1)CH2O2CCR2:CH2 (I; R1 = H, acryloyl, methacryloyl; R2 = H, Me), useful as monomers for high-quality polymers, are prepd. A mixt. of epoxide II, acrylic acid, choline chloride, and a small amt. of hydroquinone in MePh was heated at 110.degree. slowly to give 90% I (R1 = R2 = H). Also prepd. were 5 addnl. I.

IT 129989-14-6 129989-15-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification of, with acrylic acid)

RN 129989-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-phenyl-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 129989-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxy-3-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-phenyl-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 814-68-6, 2-Propenoyl chloride 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(esterification of, with oxirane derivs.)
RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propencyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || Cl-C-CH==CH2

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C069-653 ICS A61K006-083; C08F020-30; G02C007-04

CC 25-18 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 25056-11-5 129989-14-6 129989-15-7
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(esterification of, with acrylic acid)

TT 79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions 79-41-4, reactions **814-68-6**, 2-Propenoyl chloride **920-46-7**,

Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification of, with oxirane derivs.)

L38 ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1989:574816 Document No. 111:174816 Fluoro- and epoxy-containing (meth)acrylate esters. Matsuo, Hitoshi; Oharu, Kazuya (Asahi Glass Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 01050875 A2 19890227 Heisei, 4 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1987-206508 19870821.

GΙ

 $CH_2 = CRCO_2CH_2CH_2R^1 (CH_2CH_2O)_nCH_2 HOCH_2CH_2$ (CF₂) $4CH_2$ AΒ Title compds. I (R = H, Me; R1 = C1-10 perfluoroalkylene; n = 0-1) are prepd. as monomers for water- and oilproofing agents and fluoropolymers. Thus, 164 g ICH2CH2 (CF2) 4I was treated with 106 g Clso3H at 50.degree. for 2 h and then hydrolyzed to give 111 g HOCH2CH2(CF2)4I, 100 g of which was treated with 18.7 g allyl alc. in the presence of AIBN at 80.degree. for 8 h and then stirred with aq. KOH and Me2CO to give 66 g poxide II. A soln. of 64 g II and 21 g Et3N in AcOEt was treated/with 22 g methacryloyl chloride at 0.degree. and aged at room temp. for 2 h to give 64 g I [R = Me, R1 = (CF2) 4, n = 0. ΙT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with epoxy group-contg. fluoroalcs.) 920-46-7 HCAPLUS RNCN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2/methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) H₂C O Me-C-C-.C1 ΙT 123228-75-1 12322/8-77-3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with methacryloyl chloride) RN 123228-75-1 H¢APLUS CN Oxiraneheptan ϕ 1, .gamma.,.gamma.,.delta.,.delta.,.epsilon.,.epsilon. ,.zeta.,.zeta.-octafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) $CH_2 - CH_2 - OH$

1-Octanol, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6-octafluoro-8-(oxiranylmethoxy)- (9CI)

RN

CN

HCAPLUS

(CA INDEX NAME)

 $CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-(CF_2)_4-CH_2-CH_2-OH$

IC ICM C07D303-24

ICA C08F020-22; C08F020-32

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with epoxy group-contg. fluoroalcs.)

IT 123228-75-1 123228-77-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with methacryloyl chloride)

L38 ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1988:226887 Document No. 108:226887 Gas-permeable, soil-resistant, transparent medical materials. Suzuki, Tamio (Toyo Contact Lens Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 62014860 A2 19870123 Showa, 6 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1985-153531 19850712.

AB Polymers useful for contact lenses are prepd. contg. copolymers CH2:CRCOXnOCH2CF3 (R = H or Me, X = OCH(CH2OCH2CF3)CH2 or OCH2CH(CH2OCH2CF3); n = 1 - 50. Trifluoroethyl glycidyl ether was prepd., ring-polymd., distd. to give dimer alc., treated with methacrylate acylchloride to give an ester, radical polymd., in cloned into a film having sequences at 0.34 mm and 0 permeability at 35.degree. 4.1 X10-10 mL.cntdot.cm/cm2/s/mm Hq.

IT **920-46-7**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(esterification of, with glycidyl trifluoroethyl ether)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O \\ & || & || \\ Me^-C^-C^-C1 \end{array}$

IT 114333-78-7P 114333-79-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manuf. and esterification of, with methacrylic chloride)

RN 114333-78-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-[2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-1-

```
[(2,2,2-\text{trifluoroethoxy})] methyl]ethoxy]- (90/1)
                                                     (CA INDEX NAME)
                        ОН
                 O-CH2-CH-CH2-O-CH2-CF
F3C-CH2-O-CH2-CH-CH2-O-CH2-CF3
     114333-79-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     3, 6, 9, 13-Tetraoxapentadecan-11-61, 1, 1, 1, 15, 15, 15-hexafluoro-5, 8-
CN
     bis[(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)met/Myl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                 OH
F_3C-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH-CH_2-O
                                    CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CF_3
        F3C-CH2-O-CH2-CH-CH2-O-CH-CH2-O-CH2-CF3
IC
     ICM A61L027-00
     ICS A61L029-00
     C08F020-28; G02C007/04
ICA
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reférence(s): 35
     920-46-7
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with glycidyl trifluoroethyl ether)
ΙT
     114239-07-5P 1/14333-78-7P 114333-79-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. and esterification of, with methacrylic chloride)
L38
     ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
            Document No. 106:68232 Fluorinated polyacrylates and
     polyacrylamides having a controlled crosslinking degree.
     Strepparola, Ezio; Re, Alberto (Ausimont S.p.A., Italy).
                                                               Eur. Pat.
     Appl. EP 193370 A2 19860903, 6 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R:
     FR, GB, IT, NL, SE. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP
     1986-301302 19860224. PRIORITY: IT 1985-19629 19850222.
     A mixt. of mono- and difunctional acrylic monomers contg. a
AB
     perfluoropolyoxyalkylene chain is used to control the crosslinking
     degree in the polymn. of acrylic esters and/or acrylamides.
     product is used in imparting water- and oil-repellent properties to
     fabrics, and as protective films or layers on magnetic tapes and
     discs. Thus, 49.8 g 1,1-dihydro-3,6,9-trioxa-4,7-
```

bis(perfluoromethyl)-undecafluoro-1-decanol (in 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane) was mixed dropwise with 10.9 g acryloyl chloride (I). Then, 12.1 g Et3N was added and after 3 h at 35.degree. CF30[CF2CF(CF3)0]2CF2CH2O2CCH:CH2 (II) was obtained. HOCH2CF2O(C2F4O)m(CF2O)nCF2CH2OH (III) (mol. wt. 400) was treated with I to give a diacrylate. A soln. of II and the diacrylate in 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane was poured onto a glass plate, a 30 nm-thick film was obtained, which was bombarded (under N2) with high-energy electron beam (3 Mrad, 150 kV, velocity 30 m/min). The contact angle for hexadecane and heptane on the film corresponded to 13 dynes/cm surface tension.

IT 35345-55-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with acryloyl chloride)

RN 35345-55-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[1-[[1-[difluoro(trifluoromethoxy)methyl]-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]difluoromethyl]-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-2,2-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 814-68-6, Acryloy / chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with trioxobis(perfluoromethyl)undecafluorodecanol)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPL/US

CN 2-Propenoyl ch/loride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM CO/8F220-28

ICS CØ8F220-58; C09D003-80; G11B007-24; G11B005-84

ICI C08F220-28; C08F220-28, C08F220-58; C08F220-58; C08F220-58, C08F220-28

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 40, 42

IT 35345-55-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with acryloyl chloride)

- IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with trioxobis(perfluoromethyl)undecafluorodecanol)

- L38 ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 1986:168967 Document No. 104:168967 Synthesis of acrylates of fluorinated alcohols. Lu, Hengyao; Guo, Caiyun; Wang, Shandi; Chen, Qingyun (Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Acad. Sin., Shanghai, Peop. Rep. China). Huaxue Xuebao, 43(10), 970-5 (Chinese) 1985. CODEN: HHHPA4. ISSN: 0567-7351. OTHER SOURCES: CASREACT 104:168967.
- AB R(CH2)mOH (R = fluorine-contg. group) was treated with CH2:CR1COCl (R1 = H, Me) to give R(CH2)mO2CCR1:CH2 (I). Emulsion polymn. of I with octyl acrylate gave copolymer emulsions useful as water and oil repellent finishes for textiles.
- IT 14548-74-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with (meth) acryloyl chloride)

- RN 14548-74-4 HCAPLUS
- CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IT 814-68-6 920-46-7
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with fluorinated alc.)

- RN 814-68-6 / HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propencyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 40

IT **14548-74-4** 101829-19-0 101829-20-3 101829-21-4 101829-22-5 101829-23-6 101848-46-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with (meth)acryloyl chloride)

IT 814-68-6 920-46-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with fluorinated alc.)

L38 ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1984:211594 Document No. 100:211594 Water and oil repellents. (Nippon Mektron K. K., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 58164672 A2

19830929 Showa, 8 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP

1982-46566 19820324.

The title repellents contain a polymer having pendant poly(oxyperfluoropropylene) groups in the side chain. The repellents have excellent repellency and wash-resistance without damaging the color tone and hand of textiles. Thus, deionized water (50-60.degree.) 220, trimethyloctadecylammonium chloride 15, a mixt. of H2C:CHCO2CH2CF(CF3)[OCF2CF(CF3)]nOCF2CF2CF3 (n = 0 and 1) 100, 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate 0.5, N-methylolacrylamide 0.5 and acetone 100 parts were copolymd. by adding azodiisobutylamidine hydrochloride [15453-05-1] 0.05 part; the aq. latex soln. obtained was used to impregnate a cotton cloth for 5 min. The cloth showed excellent water- and oil-repellency.

IT **814-68-6**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (esterification by, of hydroxy-terminated
 poly(oxyperfluoropropylenes))

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 90317-77-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and esterification of, with acryloy chloride) 90317-77-4 HCAPLUS RNPoly[oxy[trifluoro(trifluoromethyl) √1,2-ethanediyl]], CN .alpha.-(heptafluoropropyl)-.omega/-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CX INDEX NAME) CF3 IC C09K003-18 C08F008-00; C08F020-00; D06M015-30 ICA CC 40-9 (Textiles) ΙT 814-68-6 RL: RCT (Reactant)/; RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification by, of hydroxy-terminated poly(oxyperfl/uoropropylenes)) ΙT 90317-77-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)/; RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. and esterification of, with acryloy chloride) ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Document No. 100:192504 Acrylic acid esters. (Nippon 1984:192504 Mectron Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 58194839 A2 19831112 Showa, 10 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1982-77657 19820510. H2C:CHCO2QCF(CF3)[OCF2CF(CF3)]nOCF2CF2CF3 [I; n = 1, 2, 4; Q = CH2,AΒ CH2CH2O2C, CH2CH(OH)CH2O2C, CH2CH(CH2OH)O2C, CH2CH2NMeCO] were prepd. by esterification of F3CCF2CF20[CF(CF3)CF20]nCF(CF3)QOH (II) with H20:CHCO2X (III; X = halogen). Thus, 27 g III (X = C1) [814-68-6] was added to a mixt. of 100 g II (Q = CH2, n = 1)[14548-74-4] and 0.1 g hydroquinone and the mixt. kept 5 h at 70.degree. with addn. of 20 mL pyridine to give 74.4 % I (Q = CH2, n = 1) [17559-01-2], useful as a monomer in the manuf. of water- and

IT 814-68-6 14548-74-4

oil-repelling polymers.

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with fluoroalkanols)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 14548-74-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC £07C069-653; C07C067-14; C07C069-708

ICA C09K003-00; C09K003-18; D06M015-38

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
Section cross-reference(s): 23

IT 814-68-6 14548-74-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with fluoroalkanols)

L38 ANSWER 17 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1983:618633 Document No. 99:218633 Oxygen-permeable contact lenses composed of a polymer of a telechelic perfluoro polyether. Rice, o David E.; Ihlenfeld, Jay V. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA). Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 84406 A1 19830727, 43 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 1983-300023 19830105. PRIORITY: US

1982-340473 19820118.

AB Contact lenses which are mech. strong yet flexible, resistant to absorption of tear components, and highly permeable to 0 are prepd.

from telechelic perfluoro polyether monomers contg. perfluorooxyalkylene units with mol. wt. 500-15,000 and a polymerizable group. H2C:CMeCO2CH2CH2NHCO2CH2CF2O(CF2CF2O)m(CF2O)nC

F2CH2O2CNHCH2CH2O2CCMe: CH2, prepd. from HOCH2CF2O(C2F4O)m(CF2O)nCF2CH2OH and 2-isocr

HOCH2CF20(C2F40)m(CF20)nCF2CH2OH and 2-isocyanatoethyl methacrylate [30674-80-7] was polymd. with Me methacrylate and molded into a flexible, transport contact lens with nD23 1.355 and 0 permeability of 115 Barrers.

IT 814-68-6DP, reaction products with methoxycarbonylterminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes and diaminopropane and ethanolamine RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of, for oxygen-permeable contact lenses) RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX MAME) $C1-C-CH = CH_2$ IT 35345-57-4 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with isocyanatoethylmethacrylate) RN 35345-57-4 HCAPLUS 2,5,8,11-Tetraoxatridecar-13-ol, 1,1,1,3,3,4,6,6,7,9,9,10,12,12-CNtetradecafluoro-4,7,10-t/ris(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) $HO-CH_2-CF_2-O$ B29D011-00; ¢08G065-00; C08G018-77; C08F220-38 IC CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) ΙT 75-35-4DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 79-41-4DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 80-62-6DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 88-12-0DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 107-11-9DP, reaction products with chloropolyoxyalkylenedicarboxylat es, polymers with methacrylate 109-76-2DP, reaction products with methoxycarbonyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes and ethanolamine and acrylates 141-43-5DP, reaction products with ethoxycarbonyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes and diaminopropane and acrylates 814-68-6DP, reaction products with methoxycarbonyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes and diaminopropane and ethanolamine 822-06-0DP, polymers with aminophenylcarboxymethyl fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 868-77-9DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 2754-40-7DP, polymers with aminomethyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyethylenes 3934-23-4DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 4200-79-7DP,

polymers with aminomethyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyethylenes 31075-35-1DP, polymers with aminophenylcarboxymethyl fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 31075-36-2DP, polymers with hydroxymethyl-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 56898-17-0DP, polymers with methacrylate-terminated fluoropolyoxyalkylenes 87677-73-4P

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of, for oxygen-permeable contact lenses)

IT 35345-57-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with isocyanatoethylmethacrylate)

=> d 139 1-15 cbib abs hitstr hitind

- L39 ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2003:950582 Document No. 140:21270 Photoresist composition containing acrylic polymers. Allen, Robert David; Breyta, Gregory; Brock, Phillip; DiPietro, Richard A.; Fenzel-Alexander, Debra; Larson, Carl; Medeiros, David R.; Pfeiffer, Dirk; Sooriyakumaran, Ratnam; Truong, Hoa D.; Wallraff, Gregory M. (International Business Machines Corporation, USA). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2003224283 A1 20031204, 15 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2002-159635 20020531.
- AB A photoresist compn. is provided that includes a polymer having at least one acrylate or methacrylate monomer that includes at least one fluoro alc. group. A method of patterning a substrate using the photoresist compn. is also provided herein.
- IT 630415-12-2P

 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

 (acrylic polymer for photoresist)
- RN 630415-12-2 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with octahydro-2,5-methano-2H-indeno[1,2-b]oxiren-4-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 5-(3,3,3-trifluoro-2,2-dihydroxypropyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 4,4,4-trifluoro-3-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)butyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 630414-91-4 CMF C14 H19 F3 O4

CRN 143963-39-7 CMF C14 H18 O3

CF3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-C-O \\ \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

```
10/050,185
                               Lee
  H<sub>2</sub>C
      0
   - C-- C-
        -0-CH2-CH2
ΙT
     920-46-7, M∉thacryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn/ of acrylic polymer for photoresist)
     920-46-7/ HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Properoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
 H<sub>2</sub>C
Me-C
      - C
IC
     ICM G03F007-004
     430270100; 430910000; 430281100; 430907000; 430325000; 430323000;
NCL
     /430927000
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
ΙT
     630415-01-9P
                    630415-02-0P
                                    630415-03-1P
                                                    630415-04-2P
     630415-06-4P
                     630415-08-6P
                                    630415-10-0P
                                                    630415-11-1P
     630415-12-2P
                    630415-14-4P
                                    630415-15-5P
                                                    630415-16-6P
     630415-17-7P
                    630415-18-8P
                                    630415-20-2P
                                                    630415-22-4P
     630415-24-6P
                    630415-26-8P
                                    630415-27-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic polymer for photoresist)
IT
     79-41-4, Methacrylic acid, reactions
                                             646-97-9/
                                                      920-46-7,
     Methacryloyl chloride
                             5380-87-0
                                          16712-64-A
                                                        196314-61-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of acrylic polymer for photoresist)
L39
     ANSWER 2 OF 15
                     HCAPLUS
                               COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
2000:238068
              Document No. 132:266766
                                       Straight-chain and branched
     perfluoroalkyl halides and derivatives, their preparation,
     fluoropolymers, and use as oil- and water-repellant treatment agents
     for surfaces. Behr, Frederick/E.; Dams, Rudolf J.; Dewitte, Johan
     E.; Hagen, Donald F. (3M Innovative Properties Company, USA). U.S.
     US 6048952 A 20000411, 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.
     723,049, abandoned.
                          (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US
     1997-794798 19970204.
                            PRIORITY: US 1991-728184 19910710; US
     1994-314939 19940929; VS 1995-476954 19950607; US 1996-723049
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AB Aq. treating agents/for a substrate comprise compds. with pendant satd. perfluoroalkyl groups, where some of the perfluoroalkyl groups

19960930.

are straight chain and some are branched chain; and applying the polymer to the substrate; where 60-90% of the perfluoroalkyl groups are straight chain and .apprx.10-40% of the perfluoroalkyl groups are branched chain.

IT 58228-15-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(straight-chain and branched perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs. for use as oil- and water-repellent treatment agents for fabrics and other surfaces)

RN 58228-15-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha.-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodecyl).omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

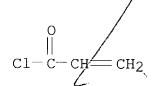
HO
$$CH_2-CH_2-O$$
 $CH_2-CH_2-(CF_2)_7-CF_3$

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(straight-chain and branched perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs.
for use as oil- and water-repellent treatment agents for fabrics and other surfaces)

RN 814-68-6 ACAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C08F018-20

NCL 526245000

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes) Section cross-reference(s): 40, 46

107-19-7DP, Propargyl alcohol, reaction products with perfluoroalkylethanethiols, phosphate esters, ammonium salts 107-19-7DP, Propargyl alcohol, reaction products with perfluoroalkylthiols and PAPI 9003-11-6DP, mono[.omega.-[(heptadecafluorodecyl)thio]alkyl] ethers 9016-87-9DP, PAPI, reaction products with perfluoroalkyl alcs. 27905-45-9DP, reaction products with PAPI 34143-74-3DP, reaction products with methoxymethylmelamines, propargyl alc. and PAPI 34451-25-7DP, reaction products with propargyl alc., phosphate esters, ammonium salts 54949-95-0P 58228-15-2P 62097-34-1DP, Ethylene

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glycol-PAPI copolymer, reaction products with perfluoroalkylethanols
62880-96-0P
              62880-97-1P
                            63225-57-0P
                                          99332-32-8P
                                                         118570-75-5P
149759-83-1P
               150940-87-7P
                              150944-46-0P
                                             150944-47-1P
150953-92-7P
               150956-37-9P
                              189398-01-4DP, phosphate esters,
ammonium salts
                 218462-55-6P
                                218462-56-7P
                                                218462-57-8P
218462-58-9DP, reaction products with propane sultone
                                                         218462-59-0P
218462-60-3P
               218462-61-4P
                              218462-62-5P
                                             218462-64-7P
218462-65-8DP, reaction products with propane sultone
                                                         218462-66-9P
218462-67-0P
               218462-68-1P
                              218462-69-2P
                                             218605-22-2P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (straight-chain and branched perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs.
   for use as oil- and water-repellent treatment agents for fabrics
   and other surfaces)
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- ΙT 62-56-6, Thiourea, reactions 74-85-1, Ethene, reactions 107-15-3, Ethylene diamine, reactions 107-18-6, 2-Propen-1-ol, 109-55-7 307-51-7, Perfluorodecanesulfonyl fluoride 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 3089-11-0D, Hexamethoxymethyl melamine, reaction products with perfluoroalkylethylthiols 6915-15-7, Malic acid 7553-56-2, Iodine, reactions 10043 - 35 - 3, Boric acid, reactions 15214-89-8 32779-61-6 40630-30-6 55591-23-6, Perfluorohexanesulfonyl chloride RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (straight-chain and branched perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs. for use as oil- and water-repellent treatment agents for fabrics and other surfaces)
- L39 ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 2000:57627 Document No. 132:64627 Synthesis and application of
 fluoroalkyl and hydroxy-substituted acrylate. Huang, Weiyuan; Yang,
 Jin (Shanghai Inst. of Organic Chemistry, Chinese Academy of
 Sciences, Peop. Rep. China). Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai
 Shuomingshu CN 1165810 A 19971126, 11 pp. (Chinese). CODEN:
 CNXXEV. APPLICATION: CN 1997-106459 19970611.
- The substituted acrylate represented by a formula of CH2:C(R)COO(CH2)mA(CH2)nO(CH2)3Rf (R: H, Me; m = 1, 8; n = 1, 6; A: hydroxymethylene, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-diyl; Rf: F(CF2)s, Cl(CF2)s; and s = 2-10) is synthesized from glycerin or aleuritic acid by: (1) protection with acetone, (2) substitution with 2-propenyl bromide, (3) addn. with perfluoroalkyl iodide, (4) catalytic redn., and (5) addn. with acryloyl chloride. The substituted acrylate is used as monomer in coating, and optical material (adelomorphic glasses).
- IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (starting material; synthesis and application of fluoroalkyl (or hydroxy)-substituted acrylate)
- RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 220554-35-8P 253453-38-2P 253453-39-3P 253453-40-6P 253453-41-7P 253453-42-8P 253453-49-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and application of fluoroalkyl (or hydroxy)-substituted acrylate)

RN 220554-35-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,9-tridecafluorononyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 253453-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy/3-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoropentyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{\mathrm{F_{3}C-CF_{2}-(CH_{2})_{3}-o-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-o-C-CH}}^{\mathrm{OH}}$$

RN 253453-39-3 HCAPLUS/

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3/[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,11-heptadecafluoroundecyl)oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$F_{3}C-(CF_{2})_{7}-(CH_{2})_{3}-O-CH_{2}-CH-CH_{2}-O-C-CH=CH_{2}$$

RN 253453-40-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,13,1 3,13-heneicosafluorotridecyl)oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

RN 253453-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-[(5-chloro-4,4,5,5-tetrafluoropentyl)oxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2C = CH - C - O - CH_2 - CH - CH_2 - O - (CH_2)_3 - CF_2 - CF_2 - C1$$

RN 253453-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-[(13-chloro-4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13eicosafluorotridecyl)oxyl-2-hydroxypropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 253453-49-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxy-3-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoropentyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM $C07 \neq 069 - 653$

ICS C07/C067-00; C07C067-14

- CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 37, 42
- IT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, reactions 106-95-6, 2-Propenyl bromide, reactions 354-64-3, Perfluoroethyl iodide 355-43-1, Perfluorohexyl iodide 421-78-3 423-62-1, Perfluorodecyl iodide 507-63-1, Perfluoroctyl iodide 814-68-6, Acryloyl

chloride 6949-98-0 16486-99-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(starting material; synthesis and application of fluoroalkyl (or hydroxy)-substituted acrylate)

IT 220554-35-8P 253453-38-2P 253453-39-3P

253453-40-6P 253453-41-7P 253453-42-8P

253453-43-9P 253453-44-0P 253453-45-1P 253453-46-2P

253453-47-3P 253453-48-4P **253453-49-5P** 253453-50-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and application of fluoroalkyl (or

hydroxy) - substituted acrylate)

L39 ANSWER 4 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1999:12326 Document No. 130:83186 Perfluoroalkyl halides and derivatives for surface treatment. Behr, Frederick E.; Dams, Rudolf J.; Dewitte, Johan E.; Hagen, Donald F. (Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Company, USA). U.S. US 5852148 A 19981222, 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 489,094, abandoned. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1997-794828 19970204. PRIORITY: US 1991-728184 19910710; US 1994-314939 19940929; US 1995-489094 19950609.

AB A method for treating a substrate, comprises: providing a substrate; providing a polymer comprising a plurality of pendant satd. perfluoroalkyl groups, wherein some of the perfluoroalkyl groups are straight chain and some are branched chain; and applying the polymer to the substrate; wherein 65-85% of the perfluoroalkyl groups are straight chain and about 15 to about 35% of the perfluoroalkyl groups are branched chain. These mixts. contain some compds. with a straight perfluoroalkyl group and some with a branched perfluoroalkyl group. Methods of prepn. and use are also described.

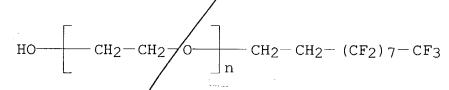
IT 58228-15-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(perfluoroalkyl hal/des and derivs. for surface treatment)

RN 58228-15-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodecyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

RL: RCT/(Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs. for surface treatment)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
0
C1-C-CH=CH_2
     ICM C08F018-20
TC
NCL
     526245000
CC
     45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40, 46
IT
     107-19-7DP, Propargyl alcohol, reaction products with
     perfluoroalkylethanethiols, phosphate esters, ammonium salts
     107-19-7DP, Propargyl alcohol, reaction products with
     perfluoroalkylthiols and PAPI
                                    9003-11-6DP, mono[.omega.-
     [(heptadecafluorodecyl)thio]alkyl] ethers
                                                 9016-87-9DP, PAPI,
     reaction products with perfluoroalkyl alcs.
                                                   27905-45-9DP, reaction
     products with PAPI
                          34143-74-3DP, reaction products with
     methoxymethylmelamines, propargyl alc. and PAPI
                                                       34451-25-7DP,
     reaction products with propargyl alc., phosphate esters, ammonium
             54949-95-0P 58228-15-2P
                                      62097-34-1DP, Ethylene
     glycol-PAPI copolymer, reaction products with perfluoroalkylethanols
     62880-96-0P
                   62880-97-1P
                                 63225-57-0P
                                               99332-32-8P
                                                            118570-75-5P
     149759-83-1P
                   150940-87-7P
                                                  150944-47-1P
                                   150944-46-0P
     150953-92-7P
                    150956-37-9P
                                   189398-01-4DP, phosphate esters,
     ammonium salts
                      218462-55-6P
                                     218462-56-7P
                                                    218462-57-8P
     218462-58-9DP, reaction products with propane sultone
                                                             218462-59-0P
     218462-60-3P
                   218462-61-4P
                                   218462-62-5P
                                                  218462-64-7P
     218462-65-8DP, reaction products with propane sultone
                                                             218462-66-9P
                   218462-68-1P
     218462-67-0P
                                   218462-69-2P
                                                  218605-22-2P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs. for surface treatment)
     62-56-6, Thiourea, reactions
ΙT
                                   74-85-1, Ethene, reactions
     107-15-3, Ethylene diamine, reactions 107-18-6, 2-Propen-1-ol,
                 109-55-7
                            307-51-7, Perfluorodecanesulfonyl fluoride
    814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
                                  3089-11-0D, Hexamethoxymethyl
    melamine, reaction products with perfluoroalkylethylthiols
     6915-15-7, Malic acid
                            7553-56-2, Iodine, reactions
    Boric acid, reactions
                            15214-89-8
                                          32779-61-6
                                                       40630-30-6
    55591-23-6, Perfluorohexanesulfonyl chloride
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (perfluoroalkyl halides and derivs. for surface treatment)
```

L39 ANSWER 5 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1994:136059 Document No. 120:136059 Perfluoroalkyl halides and derivatives as precursors for oil and water repellants and

surfactants. Behr, Frederick E.; Dams, Rudolf J.; DeWitte, Johan E.; Hagen, Donald F. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA). Can. Pat. Appl. CA 2071596 AA 19930111, 67 pp. (English). CODEN: CPXXEB. APPLICATION: CA 1992-2071596 19920618. PRIORITY: US 1991-728184 19910710.

The title compds. comprise a mixt. of straight and branched perfluoroalkyl groups bonded to Cl, Br, or I through a F-free alkylene group. Perfluorodecyltetrahydroiodide (prepd. from perfluorosulfonyl fluoride, 40% straight and 60% branched, treated first with I, then with C2H4) was derivatized to thiol functionality by treatment with thiourea in EtOH to give perfluorodecyltetrahydrothiol (I). I was added to a reaction mixt. contg. hexamethoxymethylmelamine to give a I-melamine condensate (II, 1:4 mol ratio). A 50/50 polyester/cotton fabric blend was treated with an emulsion of II at 0.3%, dried and cured at 150.degree., to give a fabric with oil resistance (AATCC 118-1975) 5 and 5 after 1 dry cleaning, vs. 3 and 2, resp., for a precursor perfluorodecyltetrahydroiodide having all straight chain perfluoroalkyl groups.

IT 58228-15-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(linear and branched, prepn. of, as nonionic surfactant)

RN 58228-15-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodegyl)-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO
$$CH_2-CH_2-O$$
 $CH_2-CH_2-(CF_2)_7-CF_3$

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

RL: USES (Uses)

(linear and branched, reaction of, with perfluoroalkyltetrahydro alc.)

alc.)

RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propencyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L027-12

ICS C09D004-00; C09D127-12; C09D175-04; C08L075-04

CC 37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 23, 40, 46

9003-11-6DP, thioethers with tetrahydroperfluorodecanethiol 34143-74-3DP, reaction products with ethylene oxide-propylene oxide copolymer 58228-15-2P 150997-16-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(linear and branched, prepn. of, as nonionic surfactant)

IT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

RL: USES (Uses)

(linear and branched, reaction of, with perfluoroalkyltetrahydro alc.)

L39 ANSWER 6 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1993:538900 Document No. 119:138900 Aryloxyfluoroether esters, processes for preparation thereof, and alcohols and acids formed therefrom. Feiring, Andrew E. (du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA). U.S. US 5198570 A 19930330, 8 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1990-474586 19900131.

GΙ

MeO
$$\longrightarrow$$
 OCF2CHFOCF2CF2CF2CO2Me I \bigcirc OCF2CHFOCF2CF0CF2CF2CCC= CH2 \bigcirc Me II

The title process comprises the treatment of a polyfluorovinyl ether ester with an hydroxyarom. compd. These polyfluorovinyl ether esters are intermediates for polymerizable monomers. Condensation of 4'-methoxy-4-hydroxybiphenyl with Me 3-[2-(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-1-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,2-trifluoroethoxy]-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropapoate gave the adduct I in 52% yield. Redn. of I gave the resp. alc. which was condensed with methacryloyl chloride to give the polyfluorovinyl ether ester II. Polymn. of II gave a polymer with no. av. mol. wt. 34,400.

IT 130994-69-3P 136482-69-4P 148871-87-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 130994-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 3-[1-[difluoro[1,2,2-trifluoro-2-[4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-

1-propenyl]phenoxy]ethoxy]methyl]-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MeO Me
$$O-CF_2-CH-O-CF_2$$
 $C-CF_3$ F

RN 136482-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 3-[1-[difluoro[1,2/2-trifluoro-2-[(4'-methoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)oxy]ethoxy]methyl]-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 148871-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanol, 3-[2-[difluoro(1,2,2-trifluoro-2-phenoxyethoxy)methyl]-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy]-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reactant for [[(biphenylyloxy)fluoroethoxy]fluoroethoxy]fluoroethyl methacrylate)

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C069-76

NCL 560061000

CC 25-18 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 130994-69-3P 134023-19-1P 136356-02-0P 136356-03-1P 136482-69-4P 136513-57-0P 136513-58-1P 144373-67-1P 148871-87-8P

IT 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reactant for [[(biphenylyloxy)fluoroethoxy]fluoroethoxy]fluoroethyl methacrylate)

L39 ANSWER 7 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1990:22345 Document No. 112:22345 Manufacture of chromophorecontaining fluoropolymers which are soluble in fluorocarbons.
Garbe, James E. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA). Eur.
Pat. Appl. EP 323060 A2 19890705, 19 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: CH,
DE, FR, GB, IT, LI. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP
1988-311678 19881209. PRIORITY: US 1987-140023 19871231.

The title dye-contg. fluoropolymers, which are sol. in and can effectively color fluorocarbons, thus providing a way to detect liq. fluorocarbon leaks (no data), are prepd. by polymg. optionally fluorinated dye monomers by addn. or condensation polymn. with fluorinated comonomers. 1-Hydroxy-4-(4-tolylamino) anthraquinone was esterified with acryloyl chloride, producing 1-acryloxy-4-(4-tolylamino) anthraquinone, 0.862 g of which was polymd. with 10 g of 1,1-dihydroperfluorooctyl methacrylate at 65.degree. in the presence of AIBN and 2,3,3-trichloroheptafluorobutane, producing a copolymer which was sol. in and imparted a red color to Freon 113, FC-75, and Fluorinert liq. The copolymer was insol. in PhMe or Me2CO.

IT 109882-33-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(condensation of, with phospene)

RN 109882-33-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Butanol, 2,2,3,3,4,4-hexafluoro-4-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
F3C-C-CH2-OH
     O-(CF_2)_3-CH_2-OH
ΤТ
     814-68-6, Acryloyl Anloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); / RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification/by, of hydroxyl group-contg. dyes)
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Propenoyl chlor/ide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
C1-C-CH=CH_2
IC
          C08F24$-00
     ICM
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ICS C09D0/3-74; C08F299-00; C08F008-00

41-4 (Dyes/, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and CC Photographic Sensitizers) Section dross-reference(s): 35

ΙΤ 109882-33-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(condensation of, with phosgene)

ΙT 814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification by, of hydroxyl group-contg. dyes)

L39 ANSWER 8 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1989:535008 Document No. 111:135008 Fluorine-containing mono- or polyalkylene glycols and their manufacture. Tanaka, Masahide; Agou, Tokinori; Kuwahara, Masahiro; Sakashita, Takeshi; Shimoda, Tomoaki; Sudou, Masaru (Mitsui Petrochemical Industries, Ltd., Japan). Pat. Appl. EP 297822 A1 19890104, 19 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE. (English). EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 1988-305859 19880628. PRIORITY: JP 1987-161495 19870629; JP 1987-177419 19870715.

Title glycols, useful in prodn. of polymers for contact lens with AB good O permeability and water swellability, are prepd. comprising (alkyl-substituted) oxyalkylene main chain and glycol terminal groups which are mono- or disubstituted with C1-30 unsatd. hydrocarbyl groups, and (C1-100 hydrocarbyl-substituted) polar groups, provided that both terminal substitution groups are not C1-30 hydrocarbyl groups contg. O or F at the same time. The substitution groups on

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main chain contain F. 1,2-Dihydroxyl-3,3,4,5,5,5-hexafluoropentane
      (I) was prepd. from ethylene glycol and hexafluoropropylene. I was
      esterified with CH2:CMeCOCl to prep. an unsatd. diester useful for
      polymer prepn. (e.g., polyacrylate).
IT
      63693-10-7P 121628-31-7P 121628-32-8P
      121628-35-1P 121628-36-2P 121628-39-5P
      121628-65-7P 121664-33-3P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn. and ester/fication of, with methacrylic acid chloride)
RN
      63693-10-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Ethanol, 2-(2,2,3,4,4,4-hexafluorobutoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CF2-CH-CF3
RN
     121628-31-7 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2,2'-[[(1,1,2,3,3/3-hexafluoropropyl)-1,2-
CN
     ethanediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-/(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
          O-CH_2-CH_2OH
F<sub>3</sub>C-CH-CF<sub>2</sub>-CH-CH<sub>27</sub>
                      O-CH_2-CH_2-OH
RN
     121628-32-8 HCAPLUS
     2-Pentanol, 3,3,4,5,5,5-hexa/luoro-1-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethoxy]-
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
              OH.
F<sub>3</sub>C-CH-CF<sub>2</sub>-CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-
                              -CH2−⁄Ó-
RN
     121628-35-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     Ethanol, 2-[2,2,3,4,4,4/hexafluoro-1-[(2-
     methoxyethoxy) methyl] butoxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
F3C-CH-CF2-CH-CH2
                      - O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- OMe
```

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RN
                    121628-36-2 HCAPLUS
 CN
                    Ethanol, 2-[2-[2,2,3,4,4,4-hexaflyoro-1-
                     (methoxymethyl)butoxy]ethoxy]- (9CI)
                                                                                                                                                            (CA INDEX NAME)
                                                 O- CH2- CH2- O- CH2- CH2
 F_3C-CH-CF_2-CH-CH_2-OMe
 RN
                    121628-39-5 HCAPLUS
                   Ethanol, 2-[(2,2,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9-pentadecafluorononyl)oxy]-
 CN
                        (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 F_2CH = (CF_2)_5 = CH = CF_2 = CH_2 = CH_2
                                                                                                 O-CH2-CH2-OH
 RN
                   121628-65-7 HCAPLUS
                  Ethanol, 2-[[3,3,4,5,5,5-hexafluxro-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)pentyl]oxy]-
 CN
                    (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                                O-CH_2-CH_2-OMe
 F<sub>3</sub>C-CH-CF<sub>2</sub>-CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-
RN
                  121664-33-3 HCAPLUS
                  1-Pentanol, 3,3,4,5,5,5-hexafluoro-2-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethoxy]-
CN
                                            (CA INDEX NAME)
F3C-CH-CF2-CH-GH2-
ΙT
                  920-46-7, Methacrylic acid chloride
                  RL: USES (Uses)
                              (reaction with, of fluorine-contg. glycols)
RN
                  920-46-7 HCAPLUS
                  2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

```
H<sub>2</sub>C O
Me-C-C-C1
IC
     ICM C07C043-12
     ICS
          C07C043-13; C07C043-17; C07C043-178; C07C069-65; C08G065-32;
          C08F283-06
CC
     35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 37, 38, 63
ΙT
     25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol, fluoroalkylated
     63693-10-7P
                   121602-06-0P
                                  121628-30-6P
     121628-31-7P 121628-32-8P
                                 121628-33-9P
     121628-34-0P 121628-35-1P 121628-36-2P
     121628-37-3P
                    121628-38-4P 121628-39-5P
                                                121628-40-8P
     121628-41-9P
                    121628-42-0P
                                   121628-43-1P
                                                   121628-44-2P
     121628-45-3P
                    121628-46-4P
                                   121628-47-5P
                                                   121628-64-6P
     121628-65-7P 121664-33-3P
                                 121664-34-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and esterification of, with methacrylic acid chloride)
ΙT
     920-46-7, Methacrylic acid chloride
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (reaction with, of fluorine-contg. glycols)
L39
     ANSWER 9 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN.
1988:511073
              Document No. 109:111073 Fluorine-containing methacrylate
              Takaai, Toshio; Tarumi, Yasuro; Yamaguchi, Koichi;
     Yamamoto, Yasushi (Shin-Etsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan).
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 63068542 A2 19880328 Showa, 4 pp.
     (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1986-213589 19860910.
AΒ
     The title esters H2C:CMeCO2CH2CH2OCH2CF(CF3)[OCF2C(CF3)F]nF (I; n =
     1-4), useful for coatings and optical materials of low refractive
     index, are prepd. Thus, H2C:CMeCOCl was added dropwise to a mixt.
     of HOCH2CH2OCH2CF(CF3)OCF2CF2CF3, Et3N, and BHT, and the mixt. was
     heated at 60.degree. for 1 h to give 87\% I (n = 1).
ΙT
     67822-71-3 67822-72-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with methacryloyl chloride)
RN
     67822-71-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     Ethanol, 2-[2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]-
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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O-CF_2-CF_2-CF_3
RN
     67822-72-4 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2-[2,3,3,3-tetraf]/ioro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-
CN
     (heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
F_3C-CF_2-CF_2-O
     920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
ΙT
     RL: USES (Vses)
        (esterification with, of fluorooxaalkanols)
RN
     920-46-7 / HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenbyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
IC
     ICM C07C069-653
ICA
    C08F020-28
CC
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23
ΙT
     67822-71-3 67822-72-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with methacryloyl chloride)
     920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
ΙT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (esterification with, of fluorooxaalkanols)
    ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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L39 ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1987:441977 Document No. 107:41977 Manufacture of antifungal and
antibacterial agents. Ishikawa, Nobuo; Takaoka, Akio; Motoyoshi,
Masatoshi; Narita, Kichihei; Kawashima, Atsuo; Hayashi, Yoshihiro
(SDS Biotech K. K., Japan; San Nopco Ltd.). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho

JP 62005936 A2 19870112 Showa, 17 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1985-136126 19850624.

GΙ

$$CH_2 = C - C - (A)_n - X - F$$

$$F$$

$$F$$

$$F$$

AB Fluoro arom. compds. I [A = OCH2CH2, OCH(CH3)CH2, OCH2CH(OH)CH2; R = H, Me; X = O, S, CO2; Y, Z = F, CN; n = 1-4] are prepd. and are useful as stable antibacterial and antifungal agents. Thus, a mixt. contg. tetrafluoroisophthalonitrile 140, hydroxyethyl acrylate 90, KF 58, and methylhydroquinone 0.4 g was reacted in 300 mL CH3CN to give 98% product, 0.5% of which was mixed with a poly(vinyl chloride) paste and used as a paper coating which displayed no color change after 5 h UV radiation.

105595-70-8, 3-Pentafluorobenzoyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl methacrylate 109231-07-4, 3-(2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxy)-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate RL: USES (Uses)

(antifungal and antibacterial agents, for industrial use)

RN 105595-70-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, pentafluoro-, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ι

RN 109231-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(2,4-dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxy)-2-hydroxypropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
ОН
     O-CH2-CH-CH2-O-C-CH=CH2
F.
          CN
     CN
ΙT
     814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with/dicyanotrifluorophenylthioethanol)
RN
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Cl-C-CH=CH_2
IC
     ICM
        C07C069-54
         A01N037-14; A01N037-34; C07C069-76; C07C120-00; C07C121-52;
         C07C121-75; C07C149-36
CC
     43-7 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
     Section cross-reference(s): 5, 25, 42
ΙT
     105595-70-8, 3-Pentafluorobenzoyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl
    methacrylate
                    109231-02-9, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxyethyl
                109231-03-0, 2,4Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxyethoxyethyl
     acrylate
     acrylate
                109231-04-1, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-
     trifluorophenoxyethoxyethoxyethyl acrylate
                                                  109231-05-2,
     2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxy-3,6,9-trioxaundecyl acrylate
     109231-06-3, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxyisopropyl acrylate
    109231-07-4, 3-(2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxy)-2-
    hydroxypropyl acrylate
                             109231-08-5, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-
    trifluorophenoxyethyl methacrylate
                                         109231-09-6,
    2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxyisopropyl methacrylate
    109231-12-1, 4-Cyano-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxyethyl acrylate
    109231-13-2, 4-Cyano-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxyethyl methacrylate
    109231-14-3, 4-Cyano-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenylthioethyl acrylate
    109231-15-4, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxyacrylate
    109231-16-5, 2,4-Dicyano-3,5,6-trifluorophenoxy methacryl
    RL: USES (Uses)
```

```
(antifungal and antibacterial agents, for industrial use)
ΙT
     814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction of, with dicyanotrifluorophenylthioethanol)
     ANSWER 11 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L39
              Document No. 99:70230 Perfluoroalkyl substituted
1983:470230
     compounds. (Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan).
     Tokkyo Koho JP 58057324 A2 19830405 Showa, 11 pp. (Japanese).
     CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1981-153855 19810930.
AΒ
     RR1R2C(CR3:CR4)nCR5R6R7 (I, R = perfluoroalkyl, R1-R6 = H, halo,
     alkyl, aryl; R7 = halo, OH, cyano, formyloxy, SCN, amido, alkoxy,
     acyloxy, acylthio, allylcarbonyloxy, allylcarbonylthio; n = 0, 1)
     were prepd. Thus, stirring CF3(CF2)7I+Ph CF3SO3- with CH2:CHCH:CH2
     in CH2Cl2/H2O in the presence of NaHCO3 gave 47\% I [R = CF3(CF2)7,
     R1-R6 = H, R7 = OH, n = 1].
ΙT
     814-68-6 920-46-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (acylation by, of perfluoroalkylbutenol)
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
C1-C-CH = CH_2
RN
     920-46-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-meth/1-
                                     (9CI)
                                             (CA INDEX NAME)
 H<sub>2</sub>C O
Me-C-C-C1
ΙT
     86624-53-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
RN
     86624-53-5 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2-[(5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,12-
CN
     heptadecafluoro-2/dodecenyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2 CH=CH-CH_2-(CF_2)_7-CF_3
```

C07C019-08; C07C017-00; C07C021-18; C07C031-38; C07C033-02; IC C07C043-12; C07C043-17; C07C069-003; C07C069-007; C07C117-00; C07C121-16; C07C121-30; C07C153-07; C07C161-02 CC 23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds) ΙT 814-68-6 920-46-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (acylation by, of perfluoroalkylbutenol) IT678-39-7P 50877-04-8P 82486-11-1P 82486-12-2P 82486-15-5P 82486-16-6P 86235-55-4P 86624-51-3P 86624-52-4P 86624-53-5P 86624-54-6P 86624-55-7P 86624-57-9P 86624-58-0P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) L39 ANSWER 12 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1983:470229 Document No. 99:70229 Perfluoroalkylbutenyl compounds. (Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 58057327 A2 19830405 Showa, 9 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1981-153857 19810930. RCH2CH:CHCH2OR1 (I, R = perfluoroalkyl, R1 = H, HOCH2CH2, formyl, AΒ alkylcarbonyl, alkenylcarbonyl) were prepd. Thus, stirring CF3(CF2)7I+Ph CF3SO3- with CH2:CHCH:CH2 in CH2Cl2/H2O in the presence of NaHCO3 gave 47% I [R = CF3(CF2)7, R1 = H]. IΤ 814-68-6 920-46-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (acylation by, of perfluoroalkylbutenol) RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 920-46-7 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 86624-53-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 86624-53-5 HCAPLUS

Ethanol, 2-[(5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,1/1,11,12,12,12-CN heptadecafluoro-2-dodecenyl)oxy]- (9CI)/ (CA INDEX NAME) $HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH-CH_2-(CF_2)$ 7. IC C07C033-42; C07C043-178; $C07C069 \neq 62$ CC23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds) ΙT 814-68-6 920-46-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (acylation by, of perfluoroalkylbutenol) 86235-55-4P **86624-53-5P** ΙΤ 8\$624-54-6P 86624-55-7P 86624-56-8P 86624-59-1P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) L39 ANSWER 13 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1977:189226 Document No. 86:189226 Perfluoro-tert-butyl esters and Pavlik, Frank J. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., ethers. USA). U.S. US 4010212 19770301, 5 pp. Division of U.S. 3,981,928. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1976-695901 19760614. AΒ Perfluoroisobutene was oxidized with H2O2 and the resultant epoxide was autoclaved with HF at 250.degree. for 64 h to give (CF3)3COH, which was converted to various ethers, esters, and their derivs. (in all .apprx.17 compds.), e.g., the acrylate, methacrylate, (CF3) 3COCH2CH2OH, and (CF3) 3CO(CH2) 9CH:CH2. The compds. prepd. or their derivs. are useful as surfactants, monomers, plasticizers, and water-repellant agents for textiles, paper, and leather, etc. (no data). IT920-46-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification of perfluoro-tert-butyl alc. with) 920-46-7 HCAPLUS RN CN2-Propenoyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) H₂C O Me-C-C-C1

17526-98-6P 17527-06-9P 36620-67-4P

ΙT

O- CH2- CH2- ОН F3C-C-CF3 CF3 17527-06-9 H¢APLUS RN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]-CN (CA INDEX NAME) - CH2- OH - CH7 CF3 36620-67-4 HCAPLUS RN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CF₃ CF3 ΙT 814-68-6 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with sodium perfluoro-tert-butylate) RN 814-68-6 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC C07C043-12

```
NCL
     260615000F
CC
     23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 36, 41, 39, 43, 46
ΙT
     920-46-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of perfluoro-tert-butyl alc. with)
     17526-96-4P
ΙT
                   17526-97-5P 17526-98-6P
                                              17526-99-7P
     17527-00-3P
                   17527-01-4P
                                  17527-02-5P
                                                17527-03-6P
                                                              17527-05-8P
                   24165-10-4P
     17527-06-9P
                                  36558-53-9P
                                                36558-55-1P
                   61468-28-8P
     36620-67-4P
                                  62789-48-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
ΙT
     75-21-8, reactions
                          75-78-5
                                     96-24-2
                                               98-58-8 105-36-2
     108-77-0
                115-21-9 540-51-2 814-68-6
                                                6271-23-4
     7766-50-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with sodium perfluoro-tert-butylate)
     ANSWER 14 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L39
             Document No. 86:16294 Perfluorotertiaryalkyl ethers.
1977:16294
     Pavlik, Frank J. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA).
     U.S. US 3981928 19760921, 5 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXAM.
     APPLICATION: US 1970-32477 1/9700413.
     Reaction of (CF3)3CONa with substituted alkyl halides gave (CF3)3COR
AΒ
     [R = CH2CH2OH, CH2CO2Et, (CH2) 9CH: CH2, (CH2) 10CO2Et,
     CH2CH(OH)CH2OH].
IT
     814-68-6 920-46-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with perfluoro-tert-butyl alc.)
RN
     814-68-6 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoyl chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
C1-C-CH = CH_2
RN
     920-46-7
               HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoy1 chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
 H<sub>2</sub>C
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ΙT

17526-98-6P 17527-06-9P 36620-67-4P

```
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of)
RN
     17526-98-6 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]- (9CI)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     O-CH_2-CH_2-OH
F3C-C-CF3
     CF3
RN
     17527-06-9 HCAPLUS
     1,2-Propanediol, 3-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]-
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
            OH
     O-CH_2-CH-CH_2
F_3C-C-CF_3
     36620-67-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl/, .alpha.-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-
CN
     bis(trifluoromethyl)et/yl]-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CF3
    CF<sub>3</sub>
IC
     C07C043-12
NCL
     260615000F
CC
     23-9 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     98-58-8
ΙΤ
               358-23-6 407-25-0 814-68-6 920-46-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, with perfluoro-tert-butyl alc.)
ΙT
                   17526-97-5P 17526-98-6P 17526-99-7P
  17526-96-4P
     17527-01-4P
                   17527-02-5P
                                 17527-03-6P 17527-05-8P
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17527-06-9P 24165-10-4P 36558-53-9P 36558-55-1P **36620-67-4P** 61468-26-6P 61468-27-7P 61468-28-8P

61468-29-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

L39 ANSWER 15 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1972:500830 Document No. 77:100830 Esters of perfluoro tertiary aliphatic alcohols and hydrocarbyl or halohydrocarbyl carboxylic acids. Pavlik, Frank J. (Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co.). U.S. US 3668233 19720606, 5 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1970-28242 19700417.

AB Perfluoro-tert-butyl compds. were prepd. by treating perfluoroisobutene-1,2- epoxide with HF to give (F3C)3COH (I), which reacted with acid chlorides and other halo compds. Thus, I with CH2:CMeCOCl gave (F3C)3CO2CCMe:CH2; I with Br(CH2)9CH:CH2 gave (F3C)3CO(CH2)9CH:CH2; and I with Me2SiCl2 gave Me2Si[OC(CF3)3]2. Many of the products were useful as monomers or textile treating agents.

RN 17526-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17527-06-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-bis(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy](9CI) (CA/INDEX NAME)

```
RN
     36620-67-4 HCAPLUS
CN
     Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-
     bis(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]-, omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CF3
ΙΤ
     814-68-6 920-46-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant/); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with sodium perfluoro-tert-butoxide)
     814-68-6 HCAPL/US
RN
     2-Propenoyl ch/loride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
RN
     920-46-2
               HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Prop∉noyl chloride, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
IC
     C07C
NCL
     260471000C
CC
     23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 29, 35
     2378-02-1P
IT
                  17526-96-4P
                               17526-97-5P 17526-98-6P
     17526-99-7P
                   17527-00-3P
                                 17527-01-4P
                                                17527-02-5P
                                                              17527-03-6P
     17527-05-8P 17527-06-9P
                               24165-10-4P
                                             36558-53-9P
     36558-55-1P 36620-67-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
ΙT
     75-78-5
               96-24-2
                         98-58-8
                                 105-36-2
                                              108-77-0
                                                          115-21-9
     358-23-6
                407-25-0
                           540-51-2 814-68-6 920-46-7
     6271-23-4
                 7766-50-9
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with sodium perfluoro-tert-butoxide)
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